



**Governing Council  
of the  
United Nations  
Development Programme**

Distr.  
GENERAL

DP/1991/69  
6 December 1991

ORIGINAL: ENGLISH

Thirty-ninth session  
4-29 May 1992, Geneva  
Item 11 of the provisional agenda

OTHER MATTERS

UNITED NATIONS SYSTEM REGULAR AND EXTRABUDGETARY  
TECHNICAL COOPERATION EXPENDITURES

Information on United Nations system regular and  
extrabudgetary technical cooperation expenditures  
in 1990 financed from sources other than UNDP

Report of the Administrator

SUMMARY

The present report is the latest in a series presented to the Governing Council each year since 1973. It responds to decision 81/34 of 27 June 1981, in which the Council requested the Administrator to continue to provide information on technical cooperation expenditures which are financed from sources other than the United Nations Development Programme (UNDP).

The following issues are discussed in the report:

- (a) Nature of the data;
- (b) Expenditure incurred by United Nations specialized agencies and the International Atomic Energy Agency (IAEA);
- (c) Contributions received by agencies in support of extrabudgetary technical cooperation activities; and
- (d) Expenditure by UNDP, the World Food Programme (WFP), the United Nations Children's Fund (UNICEF) and the World Bank/International Development Association (IDA) (technical cooperation expenditures only).

Data from the specialized agencies, IAEA, WFP, the United Nations Population Fund (UNFPA), UNICEF, UNDP and the World Bank/IDA for 1990 have been classified and aggregated and are presented in tables 1 to 10 of annex II. These data are organized by agency, by sector, by recipient country and by source of financing. Table 10 is in effect a summary table as it consolidates operational expenditure into a single table, though in a somewhat aggregated form.

## MAIN ISSUES: AN OVERVIEW

The principal purpose of this report is to examine: (a) the data on non-UNDP-financed technical cooperation expenditure undertaken by United Nations agencies, including UNFPA; and (b) the contributions that support such activities. To round off the analysis, the expenditures of UNDP, the World Bank/IDA, UNICEF and WFP are also discussed.

During 1990 the agencies (including UNFPA) incurred \$1.1 billion in technical cooperation expenditures in the developing countries. This level of expenditure, which is more than \$134 million over the previous year, continues the recovery which began in 1988 after a 2.3 per cent decline. The growth rate of expenditure in 1990 - 14 per cent - is sufficient to permit a real increase after allowance has been made for inflation.

Funding from both the agencies and UNFPA increased during the year reviewed. Agencies disbursed \$920 million, rising from slightly under \$800 million in the previous year - a 15 per cent increase. This growth is due to a significantly higher level of extrabudgetary expenditures, which rose from \$552 million in the previous year to \$686 million in the year reviewed - a jump of 24 per cent. Indeed, such a high growth rate was more than enough to counter the effect of a slightly lower (5 per cent) flow of expenditures from the regular agency budgets: \$234 million in 1990 as against \$246 million in the previous year. With respect to UNFPA, the other source of non-UNDP-financed technical cooperation expenditures, the volume of expenditure, which stood at \$157 million in 1989, reached \$169 million.

As in the past, the World Health Organization (WHO) and the Food and Agriculture Organization of the United Nations (FAO) were responsible for slightly under 60 per cent of non-UNDP-financed technical cooperation expenditures. Regular budget expenditures by agencies are highly concentrated: seven agencies accounted for 94 per cent. Extrabudgetary expenditures, on the other hand, are more dispersed, implying that many more agencies - and especially the smaller ones - are relying on this sources to finance technical cooperation activities.

This skewed distribution also spills over to sectors, with a predominance of expenditures in the health, agricultural and population sectors. (The entire UNFPA expenditure funds population-related issues.)

Contributions received during 1990 amounted to \$926 million, which represents an increase of 10.6 per cent over 1989 (\$837 million), thus continuing along a path begun in 1986. As a general indicator, some two thirds of all contributions are provided by bilateral sources, while the rest come from multilateral sources. Bilateral contributions reached \$607 million, rising from \$551 million in the previous year. Multilateral contributions, averaging one third of total contributions, increased to \$319 million, up from \$286 million in 1989.

During 1990, UNDP (central resources plus administered funds) expended \$1.1 billion in its efforts to foster self-reliance in developing countries. Thus the stream of technical cooperation expenditures flowing from the United Nations system (excluding the World Bank/IDA) reached \$2.2 billion during 1990, 15 per cent higher than the previous year (\$1.9 billion). In fact, this is the largest annual increase in such expenditures since 1980. The World Bank/IDA also invested \$1.1 billion of technical cooperation expenditure in the developing world. In short, such assistance from the United Nations system as a whole totalled \$3.3 billion during 1990, moving from \$3 billion in the previous year.

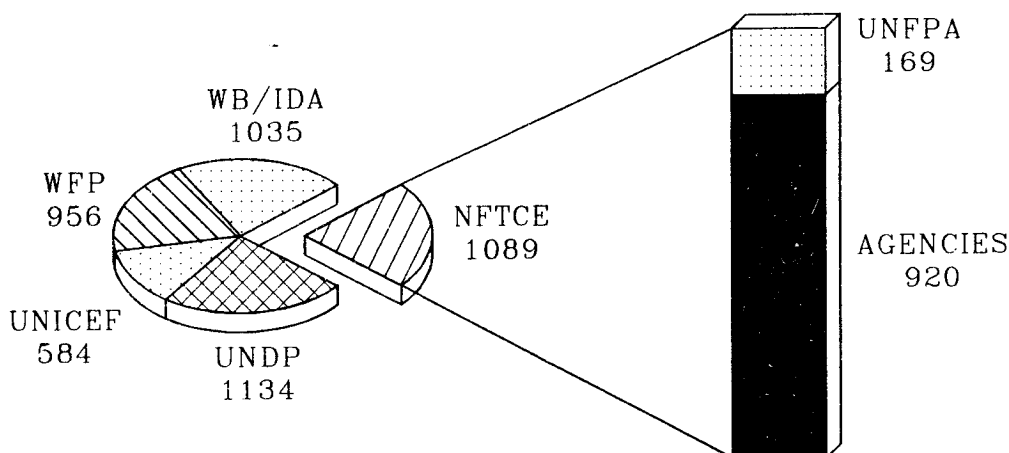
For the purposes of this report, expenditures by UNICEF and WFP are not counted as technical cooperation expenditures. UNICEF incurred an expenditure of \$584 million during 1990, 17 per cent more than the previous year. A characteristic feature of expenditures by UNICEF is an annual growth rate in excess of 10 per cent since 1985. The non-technical cooperation expenditure of WFP rose to \$956 million, from \$762 million. This increase - 25 per cent - is the highest achieved since 1980, surpassing 22 per cent in 1988.

Thus, total operational expenditure (technical plus non-technical) of the United Nations system reached \$4.8 billion in 1990, compared to \$4.3 billion in the previous year (chart I below). This represents a 12 per cent increase.

Chart I: Operational assistance from the  
UN system during 1990 (\$ million)

NFTCE = Non-financed technical co-operation  
expenditure. WFP and UNICEF provide non-  
technical co-operation assistance.

Total oper. exp. in 1990 = \$4.8 billion



## BRIEF NOTE ON THE DATA

1. In its decision 81/34 of 27 June 1981, the Governing Council requested the Administrator to continue to provide data on the magnitude and composition of technical cooperation activities funded by organizations of the United Nations system other than UNDP. The present report fulfils this responsibility for 1990. In addition to data on agencies' regular and extrabudgetary expenditures/contributions, the report also contains, for completeness, data on disbursements by UNICEF, WFP and certain data on disbursements by the World Bank and IDA.

2. As in document DP/1990/74, the new definition for non-UNDP resources (proposed in DP/1989/60) has been adopted in this report. Essentially, the old definition has been adjusted to exclude expenditures against UNDP-administered funds, since such expenditures are obviously controlled and disbursed by UNDP. DP/1990/74 modified existing data to conform with this new definition for the period 1980-1989.

3. This report is based on data supplied by participating and executing agencies. The raw data have been checked for consistency, classified, aggregated and are presented in tables 1 to 10 of annex II. Two further points should be mentioned. First, two agencies (WHO and UNICEF) now operate on biennial, rather than annual, budgets. This means that the data for the first year in each budget period are only estimates, which will be adjusted when final data are reported at the end of the budget period. Thus WHO, with its current budgeting and accounting period being 1990/91, submitted preliminary data for this year's report. Although these estimates will be modified next year, the data in the present report cannot be changed accordingly for obvious reasons. Comparative exercises thus become difficult, compounded by the fact that certain aggregated data for 1990 will be amended in next year's report. The second point concerns support costs. While it is normal for agencies to report expenditure net of support costs, WHO and the International Maritime Organization (IMO) do not adhere to this procedure. These agencies claim that, given the complexities involved, it is difficult to separate support costs.

4. Data reported by the United Nations Educational, Scientific and Cultural Organization (UNESCO) under its regular budget expenditure (RBE) represent expenditures incurred under that organization's participation programme, a practice which began in 1982. The Economic and Social Commission for Western Asia (ESCWA), because of the turmoil in the wake of the Gulf War, did not submit any data for the present report.

I. REGULAR PROGRAMME AND EXTRABUDGETARY TECHNICAL COOPERATION  
EXPENDITURES FINANCED BY SOURCES OTHER THAN UNDP: 1989 TO  
1990

A. Non-UNDP-financed technical cooperation expenditures:  
A quick view

5. In nominal terms, the United Nations system, excluding UNDP, incurred \$1.1 billion in non-UNDP-financed technical cooperation expenditures (NFTCE) during 1990, compared to \$955 million in 1989 (table 1). This growth rate, about 14 per cent, is the highest increase in NFTCE recorded since 1982. It also marks two straight years of recovery since 1988, when NFTCE declined by 2.3 per cent. More importantly, in both 1989 and 1990 the growth rate of NFTCE was sufficiently high to permit a real increase when allowance is made for inflation. (This is based on a 1990 inflation rate, as measured by the consumer price index, in the United States of 5.3 per cent. (Source: IMP (1991) World Economic Outlook 1991 (Washington, D.C.: International Monetary Fund), table A8, p. 139.))

Table 1. Composition of non-UNDP-financed technical  
cooperation expenditure (NFTCE), 1989-1990

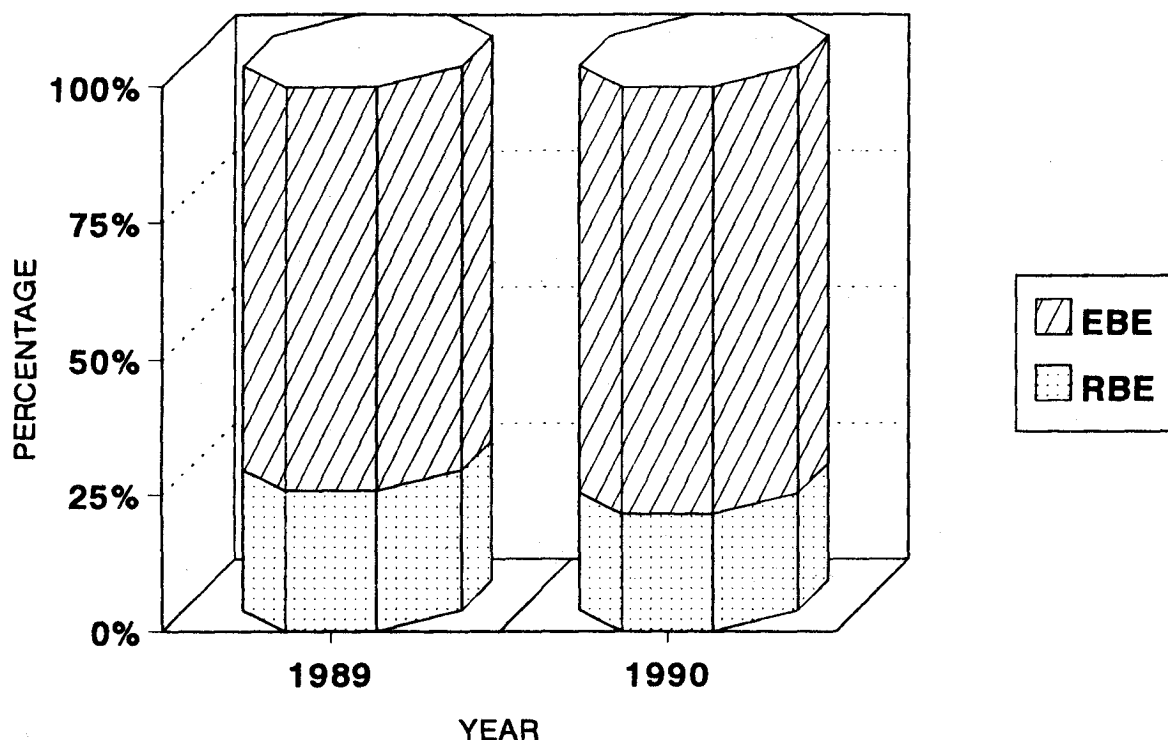
(Millions of US dollars)

<u>Items</u>	<u>1989</u>	<u>1990</u>	<u>Percentage change</u>
Regular budget expenditures (RBE)	246.2	233.9	-5.0
Extrabudgetary expenditures (EBE)	708.8	855.1	20.6
Extrabudgetary expenditures - agencies <u>a/</u>	551.6	686.1	24.4
Extrabudgetary expenditures - UNFPA	<u>157.2</u>	<u>169.0</u>	<u>7.5</u>
TOTAL NFTCE	955.0	1 089.0	14.0

a/ Represents the sum of expenditures from agency extrabudgetary expenditures and self-supporting sources. (See table 1 of annex II.)

6. As a share of NFTCE, extrabudgetary expenditure (EBE) has declined from 70 per cent in 1981 to 65 per cent in 1987. Since then this downward tendency has been reversed, with EBE accounting for over three quarters of NFTCE over the last two years (chart 1). About 80 per cent of total EBE comes from the agencies themselves, while the rest is provided by UNFPA.

Chart 1: Composition of NFTCE, 1989-90



NFTCE = Non-UNDP financed technical  
co-operation expenditure

7. Two agencies, WHO and FAO, furnish the major portion of NFTCE (agency extrabudgetary plus UNFPA), each providing, respectively, about 39 per cent and 19 per cent on an average over the last several years. This dominance of WHO is mainly due to the fact this agency's share of UNFPA expenditures is about 5 to 8 times that of FAO. The reason for the relatively greater share of WHO in the expenditure of UNFPA can be explained in terms of certain common goals: both are involved in family planning and in ensuring access to the necessary facilities for this purpose. As an example, UNFPA provides funding to the Special Programme of Research, Development and Research Training in Human Reproduction of WHO, which undertakes, among other things, research on contraceptives for men and women (UNFPA (1991), The State of World Population 1991 (Oxford: Nuffield Press), p. 28).

8. Nevertheless, the gap between the relative size of the two agencies is rapidly being narrowed because of the faster growth rate of FAO EBE. Thus, in 1990 FAO incurred \$217.3 million in EBE (\$222.3 million if its share of UNFPA expenditure is added), while that of WHO amounted to \$205 million (\$229.6 million if UNFPA expenditure is included). As might be expected, the

sectoral distribution of NFTCE follows a similar pattern: a predominance in the health, agricultural and population sectors. In 1990, for example, one quarter of NFTCE was intended to improve the health sector of developing countries; 23 per cent and 20 per cent were invested, respectively, in general agriculture- and population-related issues.

#### B. Regular budget expenditures

9. Given the downward trend in nominal RBE and the steady growth of EBE, it is likely that before long the relative importance of RBE in NFTCE will decline. During the first half of the 1980s, RBE accounted for as much as one third of NFTCE; during the last two years this share has fallen to about 25 per cent. In 1990 RBE fell by 5 per cent over the previous year, moving from \$246.2 million in 1989 to \$233.9 million and thus continuing along a path which began in 1988, compared to the 1984-1987 period, when RBE averaged over \$300 million. If inflation is factored in, the result is a significant decline in RBE in real terms during 1990.

10. During 1990, of the 18 agencies with RBEs, WHO towered above them all with \$105.4 million, or about 45 per cent of the expenditure. This has, in fact, always been the case, reflecting in part the importance of this agency in issues relating to health. IAEA and FAO, traditionally large agencies in terms of RBE, incurred expenditures of \$36.7 million and \$36 million respectively. Both agencies registered increases - 26 per cent for IAEA and 20 per cent for FAO - over expenditures in 1989. These three agencies - WHO, FAO and IAEA - therefore constitute the principal source of RBE, as much as three quarters of it during 1990. In fact, it would appear that only the larger agencies have significant RBEs: seven agencies provided about 94 per of RBE during 1990 (table 2).



Table 2. Distribution of regular budget expenditures by agencies, 1989-1990

(Millions of US dollars)

<u>Agencies</u>	<u>Regular budget expenditures</u>		<u>Percentage change</u>
	<u>1989</u>	<u>1990</u>	
WHO	137.3	105.4 <u>a/</u>	-23
FAO	29.9	36.0	20
IAEA	29.2	36.7	26
ILO	16.1	13.3	-17
UN/DTCD	10.0	11.0	10
UNESCO	3.5	12.1	246
UNIDO	6.3	4.5	-29
OTHERS	<u>13.9</u>	<u>14.9</u>	<u>7</u>
TOTAL RBE	246.2	233.9	-5

a/ As pointed out earlier, the data reported by WHO are estimates, since 1990 constitutes the first year in the biennium. Experience has shown that these estimates are biased downward. Estimates will be revised next year when final data are available.

### C. Total extrabudgetary expenditures

11. There are three possible ways of obtaining TEBE, as shown below. However, whichever method is used, there should be no significant difference in the result obtained, for all three methods are merely different ways of looking at the same thing (table 3). Methods 1 and 2 may be termed the agency approach to the calculation of TEBE, while method 3 could be labelled the source approach.

12. TEBE climbed to \$855.1 million in 1990, rising from \$708.8 million in the previous year. This increase of almost 21 per cent is more than sufficient to counter the effect of inflation and thus to permit a significant real growth of expenditures and maintain the real growth trend of TEBE during the last decade.

13. If the distribution of TEBE is considered, i.e., the agency share of it, which amounted to \$686.1 million in 1990, a clear dominance by WHO and FAO is readily seen. Unlike the predominance of WHO in RBE, both agencies are roughly of equal importance in TEBE as a whole. For example, in 1990 WHO expended \$205 million, while FAO expended \$217.3 million. Several other agencies - United Nations Department of Technical Cooperation for Development (UN/DTCD), UNESCO, United Nations Industrial Development Organization (UNIDO),

Table 3. Three methods of computing total extrabudgetary expenditure

	<u>1989</u>	<u>1990</u>	<u>Percentage change</u>
(1) TEBE - Table 1 of annex II			
Extrabudgetary expenditures - agencies	551.6	686.1	24.4
Extrabudgetary expenditures - UNFPA	157.2	169.0	7.5
TEBE	708.8	855.1	20.6
(2) TEBE - Table 10 of annex II			
Agency extrabudgetary expenditures	491.1	605.3	23.3
UNFPA expenditures	157.2	169.0	7.5
Self-supporting expenditures	60.5	80.8	33.6
TEBE	708.8	855.1	20.6
(3) TEBE - Tables 3, 5, 6 and 7 of annex II			
Multilateral sources:			
United Nations system sources other than UNDP central resources and administered funds (table 5 or line B1 of table 3) <u>a/</u>	178.8	191.3	7.0
Non-United Nations system multilateral sources (table 6 or line B2 of table 3)	28.2	32.0	13.5
Subtotal	207.0	223.3	7.9
Bilateral sources:			
Bilateral expenditures channelled through the United Nations system (table 7 or line C1 of table 3)	441.2	551.1	25.0
Unilateral self-supporting expenditures (table 10 or line C2 of table 3)	60.5	80.8	33.6
Subtotal	501.7	631.9	26.0
TEBE	708.7	855.2	20.6

Note: Because of rounding, TEBE in method 3 is marginally different from the amounts arrived at by methods 1 or 2.

a/ It is necessary to deduct expenditures incurred under UNDP-administered funds from the total given in table 5 and line B1 of table 3. Such expenditures are no longer included in TEBE.

the Economic Commission for Latin America and the Caribbean (ECLAC), the Economic and Social Commission for Asia and the Pacific (ESCAP), IAEA, the International Civil Aviation Organization (ICAO), the International Labour Organisation (ILO), IMO, the International Trade Centre (ITC), and the World Meteorological Organization (WMO) - incurred significant expenditures under this heading. Thus, compared to RBE, the EBEs of agencies are more dispersed among agencies. Since many more agencies are relying on extrabudgetary rather than regular budget expenditures to fund technical cooperation activities, the continued and easy access of agencies to extrabudgetary sources of finance is crucial to the maintenance and growth of their technical cooperation programmes.

14. Sectorally, close to one third of agency EBE (excluding UNFPA) was invested in the health sector. In dollar terms, \$211.3 million was devoted to the improvement of health in developing countries during 1990, an increase of \$35.8 million over the previous year (\$175.5 million). Agriculture, which is of considerable importance to gross domestic product, exports and employment, attracted 29 per cent (\$197.1 million) of the funds, compared to 18 per cent (\$101 million) in 1989, a huge surge in the course of a single year. The health and agricultural sectors were thus the recipient of 60 per cent of expenditures under this heading during 1990. Industry, natural resources, transport and communications also received considerable amounts. (See table 4 below for a quick summary of the sectoral distribution of agency EBE; for further details see table 2 of annex II.) The most important observation over the two-year period is the dramatic jump in resources expended in the agricultural sector and the almost 20 per cent decline in the general development sector. The remaining component of TEBE - expenditure by UNFPA amounting to \$169 million in 1990 - has been invested in the population sector, as has been the case traditionally. In short, total EBEs (agencies plus UNFPA) are heavily concentrated in the agricultural, health and population sectors.

Table 4. Sectoral distribution of agency extrabudgetary expenditures, 1989-1990

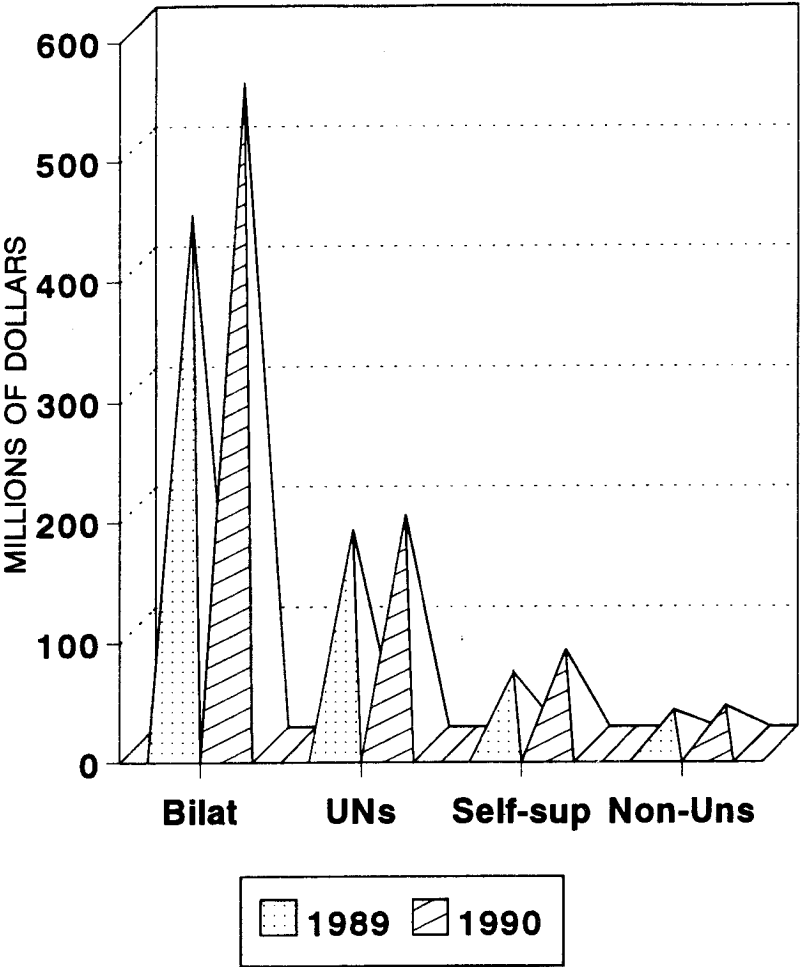
(Millions of US dollars)

	<u>1989</u>	<u>1990</u>	<u>Percentage change</u>
Health	175.5	211.3	20.3
Agriculture, forestry and fisheries	101.0	197.1	95.1
Industry	51.5	56.6	9.9
Natural resources	39.0	42.4	8.7
Transport and communication	30.0	36.1	20.3
Employment	30.9	32.8	6.1
International trade and development finance	27.6	26.3	-4.8
General development issues, policy and planning	23.2	18.6	-19.9
Other sectors	72.9	63.6	-12.8

/...

15. TEBE can also be looked at from the source approach to expenditure, as shown by chart 2 and table 3. Each source is discussed briefly below.

Chart 2: Total extrabudgetary expenditures by source, 1989-90



UNs = United Nation system excl. UNDP  
Self-sup = Unilateral self-supporting

### 1. Multilateral sources

16. It is traditional to distinguish between two types of multilateral sources: (a) expenditures provided by the United Nations system, excluding expenditures associated with UNDP; and (b) multilateral sources outside of the United Nations system (table 3 above). (The change in the definition of NFTCE negatively impacts upon this source in that expenditures from UNDP-administered funds are no longer included. Nevertheless, it should be noted that tables 3 (line B1) and 5 of annex II still include expenditures from the administered funds, although the discussion in the text is not based on this inclusion.)

#### United Nations system other than UNDP central resources and administered funds

17. Expenditure from this source, comprising about one quarter of TEBE, amounted to \$191.3, which is a 7 per cent growth over the previous year (\$178.8 million). This increasing level of funding continues the positive rate of growth during the last two years, after expenditures from this source registered a drop of about 4 per cent in 1988.

18. As table 3 of annex II indicates, the largest share of expenditures under this heading comes from Governments themselves: \$53.7 million in 1990, rising from \$47.6 million in the previous year. UN/DTCD ranks next with \$34.5 million, falling from \$35.6 million in 1989. The third position is usually occupied by WHO, which expended \$27.5 million in 1990, \$1 million less than the previous year. In short, these three agencies are responsible for about 40 per cent of the expenditure from the United Nations system. Non-governmental organizations (NGOs) have also featured prominently as a source of expenditure: \$21.9 million in 1990, up by about \$1 million over the previous year. FAO and ILO, which are also agencies with significant expenditures under this heading, spent \$13.7 million and \$17.1 million in 1990, respectively.

#### Multilateral sources outside of the United Nations system

19. Expenditure from this source has been estimated to constitute 12 per cent of total multilateral funding during the last decade. The relation of this source to the United Nations system derives from the fact that a portion of its expenditure is channelled to developing countries via the agencies. In 1990 \$32 million of such "outside" funds was passed on to developing countries with the agencies serving as the conduit, an increase of almost \$4 million over 1989.

20. As observed in document DP/1990/74 (page 15), about three quarters of all outside expenditures has been made available to FAO for funding activities relating to the agricultural sector in developing countries. This overwhelming significance of FAO is likely to continue as is manifested in 1990, when \$23.4 million (73 per cent) of multilateral expenditures originating outside of the United Nations system was channelled through this agency. Three other agencies, UNESCO, ITU and ILO, also provided important

avenues for outside funds to the developing world (\$3.6, \$1.6 and \$1.4 million respectively). For the first time in recent years UNESCO's share of expenditure under this heading increased, thus arresting the downward trend.

## 2. Bilateral sources

21. As with multilateral sources, expenditures from bilateral sources are broken down into (a) bilateral expenditures channelled through the United Nations system; and (b) unilateral self-supporting expenditures.

### Bilateral expenditures channelled through the United Nations system

22. This source, constituting the single largest expenditure category in TEBE - 60 per cent - accounts for some 82 per cent of all expenditures from bilateral sources. The data show that expenditures from bilateral sources routed through the United Nations system grew in real terms over the last decade, attesting to the strong support for the work of agencies by Member States.

23. Expenditures amounted to \$551.1 million in 1990, jumping 25 per cent over the 1989 figure (\$441.2 million), and continuing to rise since 1984. WHO, through which an annual average of about 37 per cent of expenditure from this source makes its way to the developing world, maintained its dominance with \$194.5 million, compared to \$164 million in the previous year. FAO, with approximately 28 per cent of the expenditure from this source, disbursed \$154.8, as against \$102.7 million in 1989. As in the past, these two agencies accounted for the lion's share of bilateral expenditures channelled through the United Nations system (64 per cent in 1990). In short, bilateral expenditure channelled through the United Nations system is very much concentrated in two agencies: WHO and FAO.

24. Other agencies which have attracted relatively significant amounts of bilateral funds include: UNIDO (\$45.8 million in 1990); ILO (\$44.9 million in 1990); UNESCO (\$26.5 million in 1990); and UN/DTCDC (\$34.5 million in 1990).

### Unilateral self-supporting expenditures

25. The term "unilateral" is rather confusing, but it is used to emphasize the fact that expenditures are used to finance technical cooperation activities within the country that made the "contribution" to the United Nations system. In other words, the expenditure is passed from the given country to the United Nations system and back to the same country. The only difference is that it has acquired a dual character: unilateral since it returns to the contributing country, but because it is routed through the United Nations system it also acquires a bilateral character. Hence its inclusion under the rubric of bilateral expenditure.

26. A particularly visible feature of unilateral self-supporting expenditure is its wide variations over the last decade, with a range of \$53 to \$103 million. Expenditure peaked in 1984 (\$103 million) and then declined until 1987. The recovery in 1988, which did not carry through to the following year, was also evident again in 1990. This uncertain annual movement of self-supporting expenditure is to a large extent attributable to its very character, namely that it is expenditure intended to finance technical cooperation activities only in the contributing country and is therefore subject to the vagaries of local circumstances.

27. In 1990 a total of \$80.8 million of unilateral self-supporting expenditure was realized, surpassing the 1988 amount (\$60.5 million) by over \$20 million and representing an increase of 31 per cent. While the expenditure is dominated by a few countries (Afghanistan, Indonesia, the Libyan Arab Jamahariya, Saudi Arabia, Turkey and Viet Nam accounted for 65 per cent of the expenditures during 1990), it is necessary to point out that the majority of recipient countries are involved (table 10 of annex II), even though the amounts may not necessarily be large.

28. The largest proportion of unilateral self-supporting expenditure - about 44 per cent over the last several years - is passed through FAO for work in the agriculture, forestry and fisheries sectors - \$33.3 million in 1990 compared to \$30.4 million in 1989. A relatively large, though declining, proportion is also routed through ICAO to fund civil aviation activities. The year 1990 was very good for this agency, having expended \$17.7 million, almost twice as much as in the previous year. WHO, the other main agency, incurred \$8.3 million, as against \$7.2 in 1989. It continues to be the case that such "soft sectors" as education and culture, in which investment does not result in tangible assets and does not yield an immediate return, are the recipients of only marginal amounts from this source (OP/1990/74, p. 18).

## II. EXTRABUDGETARY CONTRIBUTIONS TO AGENCIES FOR TECHNICAL COOPERATION ACTIVITIES: 1989 TO 1990

29. As with expenditures, the present classification of contributions (i.e., contributions received by agencies for EBEs), was introduced in 1979 so as to enable comparative analysis between contributions and expenditures. This innovation thus makes it possible to group expenditures into:

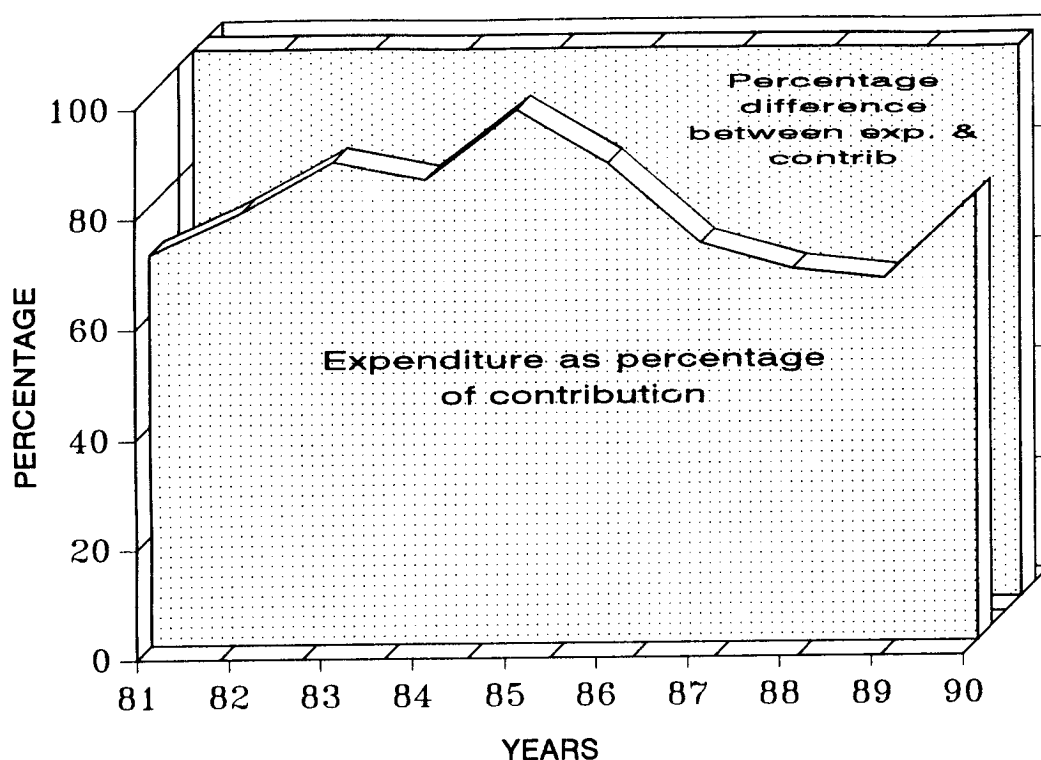
(a) multilateral extrabudgetary sources, and (b) bilateral and unilateral extrabudgetary sources. Data on contributions for 1990 are contained in tables 8 and 9 of annex II. Contributions received to finance EBEs during 1990 amounted to \$925.7 million, or an increase of 10.6 per cent over 1989 (\$837 million). This growth in nominal contributions has been a prominent feature since 1986 (see DP/1990/74, p. 19), with the nominal growth rate from 1986 to 1988 averaging 24 per cent per year.

30. The relationship between income and expenditure has always been an unsettled issue, even in mainstream economic theory. In the context of this report, much confusion can be avoided if certain things are clarified at the

outset. Firstly, there is always a lag between contributions and expenditure. While the elapsed time between the receipt of contributions and disbursement of expenditures is not known, it is quite probable that the time pattern of contributions affects the time pattern of expenditure. Secondly, as noted at the beginning of this report, some agencies operate on a biennial budget while others have annual budgets. This affects the planning horizon which is based, *inter alia*, on estimates of resource availability and thus inevitably influences the pattern of expenditure. Thirdly, the data relate only to EBEs and contributions. Finally, it cannot be inferred that the discrepancy between the two is attributable to administrative costs. The data on hand simply do not permit such an inference.

31. It is with these caveats in mind that chart 3 should be read. The discrepancy between the two categories, shown as a narrow shaded band, starts off from a base of about 30 per cent and dramatically narrows to about 3 per cent in 1985; thereafter the band widens continuously to 35 per cent in 1989, then reverses to about 19 per cent in 1990. Such irregular behaviour certainly cannot be explained by administrative costs alone. Other factors, such as the use of extrabudgetary contributions to fund other programmes, must come into play.

Chart 3: Extrabudgetary contributions  
and expenditures, 1981-1990





32. As a general indicator, some two thirds of all contributions are provided by bilateral (including unilateral) sources, while the rest come from multilateral sources. Bilateral contributions reached \$607.1 million, rising from \$551 million in 1989 - an increase of 10.2 per cent. Bilateral contributions can be subdivided as follows:

A. Countries/territories (table 8 of annex II)

33. Contributions from member countries/territories show two important features: (a) they constitute the lion's share of bilateral funding - approximately 80 per cent since 1986; and (b) as a share of total bilateral funding, they have been rising without interruption since 1986, growing from 78 per cent in 1986 to 83 per cent in 1990.

34. Contributions from this source registered a growth of 6.7 per cent as resources reached \$504.9 million, up from \$473 million in 1989. As is normally the case, almost one half of all contributions from this source flowed to WHO and FAO: a combined total of \$291.1 million in 1990. WHO received \$176.2 million (\$234 million in 1989), while for FAO the corresponding amount was \$114.9 million (\$157 million in 1989).

B. Unilateral self-supporting sources (table 9 of annex II)

35. Contributions from unilateral self-supporting sources, comprising about 15 per cent of bilateral expenditure since 1986, are distinguished by: (a) a rather erratic path over the last decade (compared to the other two bilateral sources), with variations ranging between \$56 and \$122 million from 1980 to 1990; and (b) a steep fall in its share of total bilateral contributions, declining from 19 per cent in 1986 to 11 per cent in 1990. This uncertainty over the magnitude of unilateral contributions and its downward trend may be taken as a barometer of the general economic conditions of developing countries that choose to use this mode of funding; i.e., merely routing funds through the United Nations system back to their own economies.

36. Contributions stemming from this source were far above those received in 1989: \$67.7 million compared to \$56 million. About 32 per cent or \$21.9 million was routed through FAO. Significant amounts, \$12.2, \$4.7 and \$4.4 million, were also received by ICAO, ILO and WHO, respectively.

C. Non-governmental organizations

37. The smallest of the bilateral sources accounting for some 5 per cent of bilateral contributions over the past several years is funding provided by NGOs. Most of these NGOs, as might be expected, are located in the developed countries. Some are foundations, some are affiliated with private companies, others are non-profit organizations, etc. The fact these organizations choose to fund projects in the developing world by shifting part of their own

resources to the United Nations system is a tribute to the work of the agencies, given that these organizations are themselves directly involved on the ground with the practical aspects of development.

38. Resources originating from this source reached \$33 million in 1990, up from the \$22 million in 1989, a dramatic 50 per cent increase. Indeed, it is necessary to observe that this is the highest level of contribution from NGOs ever recorded. WHO facilitated the transfer of \$13.8 million - 42 per cent - of the contribution of NGOs to developing countries in 1990, about \$1 million less than the previous year. Another \$12.8 million went to UNIDO, an overwhelming amount compared to 1989 (\$2.3 million). In short, approximately 80 per of the contributions from this source was passed on to developing countries via WHO and UNIDO. FAO and UNESCO also received relatively large amounts of contributions from NGOs.

39. Some of the largest contributing NGOs over the last two years are listed in table 5.

Table 5. Largest contributing non-governmental organizations, 1989-1990

	<u>1989</u>	<u>1990</u>
Band Aid/Live Aid, UK	0.62	0.76
Benue Cement Co., Lagos, Nigeria	0.53	-
Canadian Public Health Association	0.63	-
Cement Company of Northern Nigeria	1.04	-
Ciba-Geigy Agency, Switzerland	1.33	-
IBM, Switzerland	0.75	-
Merck Sharp and Dohne Research, USA	0.94	2.08
Rockefeller Foundation, USA	1.36	1.74
Rotary Foundations, USA	0.68	-
Sasakawa Memorial Health Fund	4.00	4.00
American Gen. Benevolent Union, USA	-	5.08
Carnegie Corporation, USA	-	0.52
Corp. Andia de Fomento, Caracas, Venezuela	-	0.57
Helwan Portland Cement Co., Egypt	-	0.67
Research Area, Trieste	-	4.57

---

Note: "-" indicates no contribution.

40. Multilateral contributions, averaging about one third of total contributions, amounted to \$309.8 million in 1990, which represents an increase over 1989 of \$286 million. This growth of contributions from multilateral sources has continued since 1985. Multilateral contributions can be subdivided as follows:

/...

## 1. United Nations system contributions

41. Contributions from the United Nations system represent, in effect, no more than an internal transfer of funds in the system among agencies. Such internal shifting of resources not only dominates - accounting for an estimated 90 per cent of total multilateral contributions - but has been growing over time as well. Given the character of United Nations system contributions, it is not surprising that WHO and UN/DTCD receive, on average, 37 per cent of the contributions, i.e., internal transfer of funds. Other agencies which benefit significantly from this circular flow of funds are UNESCO, ILO and FAO. To complete the circular movement of funds, i.e., the movement of financial resources from one agency to the other in the system, it is necessary to have some idea of the contributor. UNFPA alone is responsible for about 30 to 40 per cent of the internal transfer of funds (contributions), principally to UN/DTCD, WHO, UNESCO and ILO. Another 15 to 20 per cent of contributions come from the World Bank, mainly destined for WHO and UNESCO. Other agencies with relatively large contributions include the United Nations Capital Development Fund (UNCDF), the United Nations Environment Programme (UNEP) and the Office of the United Nations Disaster Relief Coordinator (UNDRO). The shifting of funds within the United Nations system is thus dominated by a few recipient and donor agencies.

42. The magnitude of internal transfer of funds (contributions, that is) within the United Nations system during 1990 reached \$271.5 million, which is about \$8 million more than the previous year. WHO was the largest recipient of such transfers during 1990 (24 per cent): \$64.1 million compared to \$69.2 million in the previous year. UN/DTCD also recorded significant amounts: \$33 million in 1990 as against \$31.6 in 1989.

## 2. Non-United Nations system contributions

43. Contributions from this source comprise resources channelled through the United Nations system by multilateral organizations that are not part of that system. Such organizations include the African Development Bank (ADB), Arab Gulf Fund for United Nations Development Organizations and the European Community. On average, contributions from non-United Nations system resources account for approximately 10 per cent of the resources provided by multilateral sources as a whole.

44. In 1990 funds originating from non-United Nations sources jumped to \$47.1 million, which is more than double the level recorded in the previous year. In fact, this is the highest level of contributions obtained from this source since 1980. As a general rule, the major part - as much as three quarters - of such contributions is intended for FAO. Thus, out of the \$47.1 million received (\$22 million in 1989), \$40 million went to FAO. Other important recipient agencies in 1990 included UNESCO (\$2.4 million) and the International Telecommunication Union (ITU) (\$1.4 million).

## III. ASSISTANCE PROVIDED BY UNDP AND OTHER ORGANIZATIONS

45. Section I discusses technical cooperation expenditures from the agencies. To complete the picture on assistance delivered by the United Nations system as a whole it is necessary to include UNDP, the World Bank/IDA, UNICEF and WFP. Such a view considers what is referred to as "operational assistance" (i.e., technical cooperation plus other assistance such as that provided by UNICEF and WFP), data on which are contained in table 10 of annex II. Note, however, that in comparing the relative flows of assistance from the various organizations, the World Bank/IDA is normally excluded because its technical cooperation expenditures: (a) are financed by loans and credits rather than by grants as is the case with the rest of the United Nations system; and (b) fund consultants who might have worked on both capital investment and technical cooperation projects. For these reasons, the technical cooperation expenditure of the World Bank/IDA cannot be compared with that of the rest of the United Nations system, even though all such expenditures strive to foster self-reliance in the countries assisted.

46. Operational assistance from the United Nations system as a whole (including the World Bank/IDA) grew from \$2.8 to \$4.9 billion between 1981 and 1990 (chart 4 and table 6 below). In fact, during the entire period this assistance has been characterized by a positive, although unsteady, annual growth rate of about 6.3 per cent, well above the average rate of inflation. The largest annual growth rate was registered in 1990 when expenditures increased by 11.6 per cent over the previous year (\$4.8 billion as against \$4.3 billion). If, however, the World Bank/IDA is excluded, operational assistance from the rest of the United Nations system grew from \$2.3 billion to \$3.8 billion during the same period. Aside from the small negative growth in 1983, positive growth rates have occurred in all years, although they have been much more unsteady compared to those of the system as a whole. The largest growth rate was also registered in 1990.

47. Chart 5 relates specifically to the rest of the United Nations system excluding the World Bank/IDA and is meant to give some insight into the dynamics of assistance flows. In general, technical cooperation as a share of operational assistance has declined during the period, even though it remained at an average of 61.2 per cent. Moving from a peak of 67 per cent in 1981, it declined steadily until 1985 and see-sawed thereafter, reaching 59 per cent in 1990. The chart also shows that whether or not the expenditure of UNFPA is counted as technical cooperation expenditure (it has been for all previous issues of this report, but there is now some doubt about this), UNDP's share has fallen, albeit less steeply if UNFPA expenditure is excluded. This declining share should not, however, obscure that fact that UNDP still accounts for more than one half of technical cooperation expenditures from the United Nations system (excluding World Bank/IDA). Note, however, that in the last three years a steady rate has apparently been reached: the UNDP share has not changed during this period. (See chart 5.)

Chart 4: Operational assistance of the United Nations system, 1981-90 (\$B)

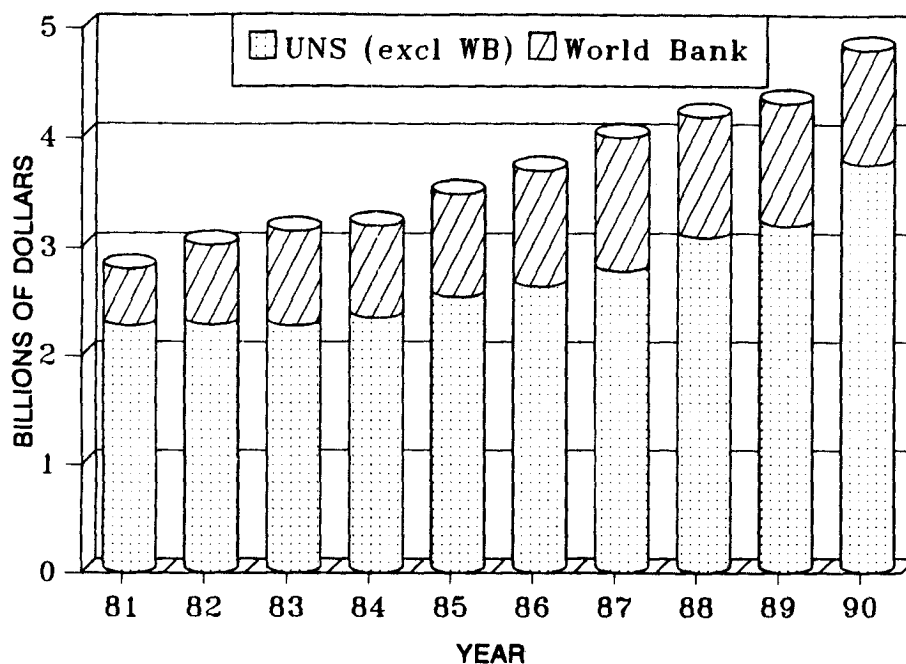
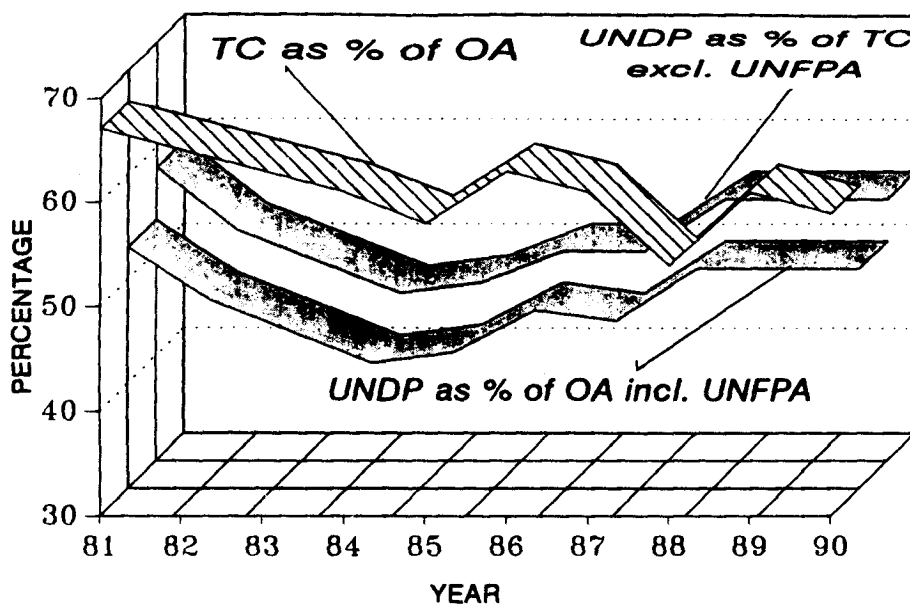


Chart 5: UN system excluding the World Bank: relative shares of expenditures, 1981-1990



TC = Technical co-operation  
OA = Operational assistance

Table 6. Summary of United Nations system expenditures on operational activities for development, 1981-1990

	(Millions of US dollars)										TOTAL
	1981	1982	1983	1984	1985	1986	1987	1988	1989	1990	
I. FUNDED BY UNDP	801	722	624	608	641	776	789	918	981	1 134	7 994
UNDP central resources	731	661	560	527	564	682	693	823	883	1 036	7 160
UNDP-administered funds	70	61	64	81	77	94	96	95	98	98	834
II. FUNDED BY AGENCIES	721	768	777	823	838	887	911	892	955	1 089	8 661
Regular programmes of agencies	213	242	257	281	298	310	320	230	246	234	2 631
Extrabudgetary sources of agencies	379	412	397	422	412	475	484	532	552	686	4 751
Funded by UNFPA	129	114	123	120	128	102	107	130	157	169	1 279
Subtotal (I + II)	1 522	1 490	1 401	1 431	1 479	1 663	1 700	1 810	1 936	2 223	16 655
% change	-	-2.2	-6.0	2.1	3.4	12.4	2.2	6.5	7.0	14.8	
III. FUNDED BY UNICEF	213	205	246	244	279	326	365	400	501	584	3 363
IV. FUNDED BY WFP	542	594	629	679	779	648	719	878	762	956	7 186
Subtotal (III + IV)	755	799	875	923	1 058	974	1 084	1 278	1 263	1 540	10 549
% change		5.8	9.5	5.5	14.6	-7.9	11.3	17.9	-1.2	21.9	
V. WORLD BANK	301	447	294	566	616	722	836	686	731	633	5 832
IDA	216	284	579	279	332	341	387	412	385	420	3 635
Subtotal (V)	517	731	873	845	948	1 063	1 223	1 098	1 116	1 053	9 467
% change		41.4	19.4	-3.2	12.2	12.1	15.0	-10.2	1.6	-5.6	
Total (I + II + III + IV)	2 277	2 289	2 276	2 354	2 537	2 637	2 784	3 088	3 199	3 763	27 204
% change	-	0.5	-0.6	3.4	7.8	3.9	5.6	10.9	3.6	17.6	
Total (I + II + III + IV + V)	2 794	3 020	3 149	3 199	3 485	3 700	4 007	4 186	4 315	4 816	36 671
% change	-	8.1	4.3	1.6	8.9	6.2	8.3	4.5	3.1	11.6	

Note: The totals in this table differ from those in the various annual reports by marginal amounts because of rounding.  
Extrabudgetary sources of agencies are the sum of "agency extrabudgetary" plus "self-supporting expenditure" in table 10 of annex II.

48. UNDP. Expenditures (central resources and administered funds), which are principally intended for the funding of technical cooperation activities, grew from \$801 million in 1981 to \$1.13 billion 10 years later. The comparatively high level of expenditure in 1981, which stands out as an aberration for the next six years, was not surpassed until 1988. Indeed, the level of expenditure between 1983 and 1985 was considerably lower than that of 1981 (table 6), reflecting the impact of the global recession. But since the recovery in 1988, growth has returned, with the 1990 rate approximating 6 per cent.

49. Some 90 per cent of the technical cooperation expenditure of UNDP comes from its central resources, which therefore dominate the behavioural pattern of expenditure. (See table 6.) The upward pull on total expenditures after 1985 is clearly a result of increasing expenditure from central resources, expenditure from the administered funds stagnated between \$94 and \$98 million per year since 1987. In 1990 expenditures from central resources increased by 17 per cent, the second highest increase since 1980. (In 1986 there was an increase of 21 per cent over the previous year.)

50. Agencies (including UNFPA). The combined technical cooperation expenditure of the agencies and UNFPA, which stood at \$721 million in 1981, reached \$1.09 billion in 1990. Unlike UNDP, the recession in the first half of the 1980s did not negatively affect expenditure from this source. In fact, with the exception of 1988, agency expenditures grew each year, even in the recession years. The increase of 14 per cent in 1990 was the highest growth rate since 1980. RBES witnessed a fall in 1990, while EBES grew by a huge 24 per cent, which is in fact the same growth in expenditures of agencies. UNFPA also enjoyed a growth of 8 per cent in expenditures during 1990.

51. UNICEF. By 1990 the non-technical cooperation expenditure by UNICEF was about 2.7 times larger than it was in 1981 - a huge increase in a matter of nine years compared to the other organizations (table 6). In fact, the recession years of the 1980s seemed to have had little, if any, impact on the level of expenditure from this organization. A characteristic feature of expenditures by UNICEF is an annual growth rate in excess of 10 per cent since 1985, well above the rate of inflation. In 1990 expenditures grew by 17 per cent, down from 25 per cent in the previous year.

52. WFP. The non-technical cooperation expenditures of WFP in 1990 (\$956 million) were about 76 per cent higher than they were in 1981, but growth did not progress smoothly, especially after 1986 when it experienced a great degree of annual fluctuation. The rate of growth in 1990 - 25 per cent - is the highest since 1980, surpassing 22 per cent in 1988.

53. World Bank/IDA. As observed earlier, the technical cooperation expenditures of the World Bank/IDA are disbursed on terms and conditions different from those of UNDP and the agencies. For this reason comparison is fraught with difficulties. Nevertheless, such expenditures, which stood at \$517 in 1981, more than doubled to \$1.05 billion in 1990. As table 6 shows, the period 1981-1990 is characterized by two phases. In the first phase,

1981-1987, expenditures grew on an annual basis, peaking in 1987 at \$1.22 billion. From 1988 to 1990, the second phase, expenditures fluctuated on an annual basis, reaching \$1.05 billion in 1990, almost 6 per cent lower than in the previous year. Approximately 62 per cent of the technical cooperation expenditures during this period were provided by the World Bank, while the rest came from the IDA.



## Annex I

### A GUIDE TO THE TERMINOLOGY

#### I. ACTIVITIES

Technical cooperation activities. These are activities which aim to promote increasing self-reliance in developing countries with regard to managerial, technical, administrative and research capabilities required to formulate and implement development plans and policies, including the management and development of appropriate institutions and enterprises. In this document technical cooperation activities are those financed from: (a) the central resources of UNDP; (b) UNDP-administered funds; (c) the regular and extrabudgetary expenditures of agencies; and (d) the technical assistance window of the World Bank/IDA. A further distinction is made between grant technical assistance constituting (a), (b) and (c) and concessional technical assistance constituting (d).

Operational activities. Operational activities through the United Nations system constitute technical assistance activities, refugee, humanitarian and special economic assistance and disaster relief. The data on operational activities in this document are incomplete in the sense that not all United Nations entities are included. For a complete picture, see the annual report of the Director-General for Development and International Economic Cooperation.

#### II. EXPENDITURES

Non-UNDP-financed technical cooperation expenditure (NFTCE) is defined as the sum of expenditures incurred against (a) agency regular budgets; and (b) agency extrabudgetary budgets. Expenditures from UNICEF, WFP, the World Bank/IDA and UNDP-administered funds are not in NFTCE.

Regular budget expenditures (RBE) refer to technical cooperation expenditures financed out of the assessed budgets of agencies.

Extrabudgetary expenditures (EBE) refer to expenditures incurred by agencies which are financed from sources other than RBE, UNDP or UNFPA; essentially EBE are provided by multilateral sources outside of the United Nations system and by bilateral sources.

Total extrabudgetary expenditures (TEBE). This is a term for (a) agency extrabudgetary budgets and (b) expenditures incurred by UNFPA. In table 10 of annex II, agency extrabudgetary expenditure is the sum of the amounts in the columns entitled "agency extrabudgetary budgets" and "self-supporting sources".

Multilateral expenditures. Expenditures from this source are subdivided into (a) United Nations system other than UNDP central resources and administered funds; and (b) multilateral sources outside of the United Nations system. The

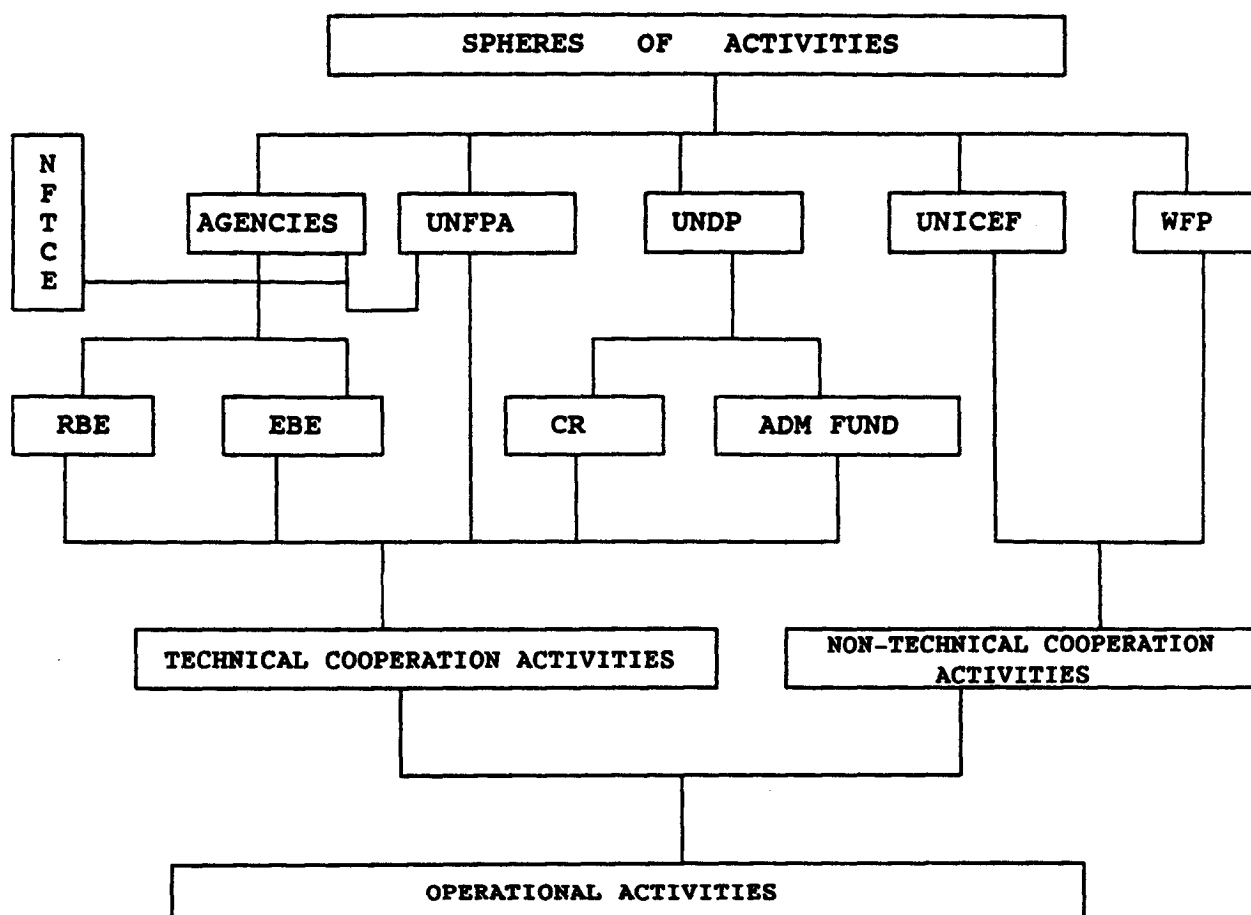
former includes expenditures incurred in developing countries by the agencies of the United Nations system themselves, including Governments and the World Bank. (See table 3, line B1, and table 5.) Multilateral sources outside of the United Nations system include regional development banks, the European Community, the various Arab development funds, etc. Expenditures from these sources are channelled through the agencies of the United Nations system for the financing of technical cooperation activities in developing countries. (See table 3, line B2, and table 6 of annex II.)

Bilateral expenditures. Expenditures under this heading are divided into (a) expenditures channelled through the United Nations system; and (b) unilateral self-supporting expenditures. The former comprise expenditures incurred against resources provided directly to the agency by a Member State or an NGO to fund technical cooperation activities in any member country. They also include expenditures against multilateral and bilateral contributions (e.g., contribution by one country for a specific project(s) in another), as well as expenditures by the agency against special purpose funds managed by the agency itself. The term "unilateral" is rather confusing, but it is used to emphasize the fact that expenditures are used to finance technical cooperation activities within the country that made the "contribution" to the United Nations system. In other words, the expenditure is passed from the given country to the United Nations system and back to the same country. The only difference is that it has acquired a dual character: unilateral since it returns to the contributing country, but because it is routed through the United Nations system it also acquires a bilateral character. Hence its inclusion under the rubric of bilateral expenditure.

### III. CONTRIBUTIONS

Contributions are also classified according to source: multilateral and bilateral. The former is further subdivided into: (a) contributions from the United Nations system. In essence, such contributions represent an internal transfer of funds in the system among agencies. It is a circular movement of financial resources from one agency to the other; and (b) contributions originating outside of the United Nations system. Such contributions are made by multilateral organizations which are not part of the United Nations system. Such organizations include the African Development Bank, Arab Gulf Fund for United Nations Development Organizations and the European Economic Commission. Bilateral contributions are similarly broken down as follows: (a) contributions from countries/territories (funds donated to the United Nations system to support activities in developing countries); (b) unilateral self-supporting contributions (contributions made by a country to finance technical cooperation activities in that country); and (c) contributions from NGOs (contributions from these sources to the United Nations system).

Figure I. Technical and operational activities



NFTCE - Non-UNDP-financed technical cooperation activities

RBE - Regular budget expenditures

EBE - Extrabudgetary expenditures

CR - Central resources of UNDP

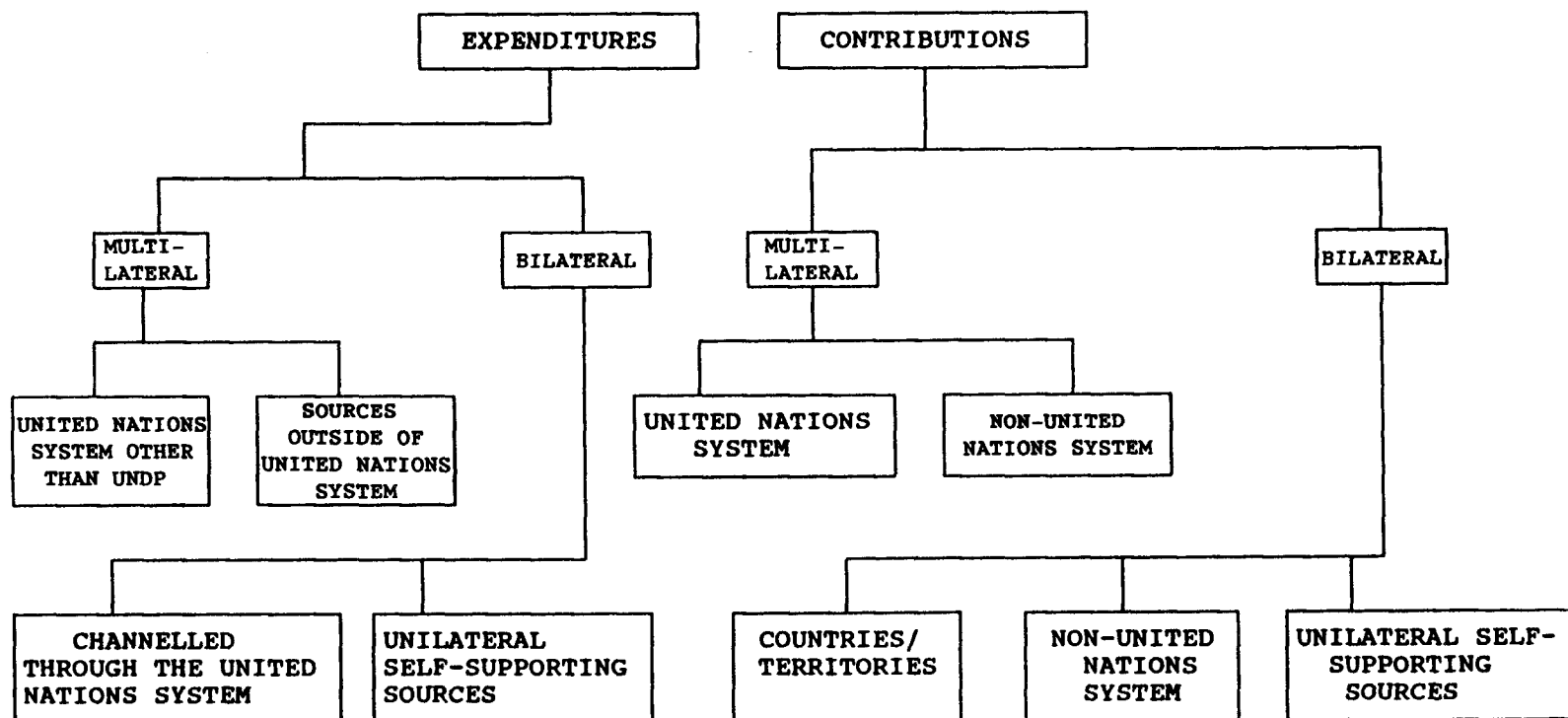
ADM FUND - Funds administered by UNDP

WFP - World Food Programme

UNICEF - United Nations Children's Fund

UNFPA - United Nations Population Fund

Figure II. Contributions and expenditures



Annex II

- Table 1: United Nations technical cooperation expenditures for 1989 and 1990 by executing agencies and funding sources
- Table 2: United Nations technical cooperation expenditures for 1989 and 1990 by sectors and funding sources
- Table 3: United Nations system 1990 technical cooperation expenditures against regular budget and extrabudgetary sources other than UNDP by sector
- Table 4: Agency regular programme technical cooperation expenditures in 1990, by country or area
- Table 5: Agency technical cooperation expenditures financed from United Nations system sources other than UNDP central funds in 1990, by country or area
- Table 6: Agency technical cooperation expenditures financed from non-United Nations system multilateral sources in 1990, by country or area
- Table 7: Agency technical cooperation expenditures financed from bilateral extrabudgetary contributions in 1990, by country or area
- Table 8: Contributions received by agencies during the year 1990 in support of extrabudgetary technical cooperation activities (other than self-supporting activities and those of UNDP)
- Table 9: Contributions received by agencies in 1990 to finance "self-supporting" technical cooperation activities
- Table 10: United Nations system 1990 expenditure on operational activities for development, by recipient country or area

Table 1. United Nations technical co-operation expenditures for 1989 and 1990 by executing agencies and funding sources

(Thousands of US dollars)

Executing Agency	Total Expenditures a/		Funded by regular budgets		Funded by extra-budgetary sources other than UNDP, UNFPA and UNDP-administered funds		Funded by UNFPA		Funded by UNDP-administered funds		Funded by UNDP central resources b/	
	1989	1990	1989	1990	1989	1990	1989	1990	1989	1990	1989	1990
UNITED NATIONS	55 462	55 773	9 952	10 995	14 463	15 645 c/	29 906	25 935	4 141	3 198	100 503	117 666
UNCHS	4 665	3 795	1 697	710	990	1 187	-	-	1 978	1 898	14 259	20 641
UNCTAD	3 163	4 972	593	1 035	2 296	3 696	-	-	274	241	14 683	16 720
UNCTC	1 044	1 111	-	-	1 044	1 111	-	-	-	-	-	-
UNDP	44 443	55 009	-	-	-	-	1 996	1 097	42 447	53 912 d/	100 969	135 263
UNEP	85	107	-	-	-	-	85	107	-	-	-	-
UNESCO	48 260	59 871	3 480	12 061	34 899	36 312	9 867	11 497	14	1	31 758	32 967
UNFPA	26 924	25 601	-	-	-	-	26 924	25 601 e/	-	-	-	-
UNICEF	3 266	1 935	-	-	-	-	-	578	3 266	1 357	-	-
UNIDO	49 286	61 790	6 323	4 516	40 691	55 750	2	-	2 270	1 524	79 211	94 250
UPU	1 232	1 842	943	1 160	289	682	-	-	-	-	2 450	3 089
ECA	8 838	9 375	1 345	2 072	3 387	2 612	3 569	4 690	537	1	7 388	8 160
ECE	1 097	1 960	201	138	606	1 454	290	368	-	-	376	451
ECLAC	8 319	8 208	1 249	1 125	4 983	4 679	2 058	2 401	29	3	2 498	1 880
ESCAP	11 369	11 582	1 276	1 331	7 628	8 108	2 272	2 122	193	21	9 923	7 676
ESCWA	2 856	808	1 243	-	139	-	923	716	551	92	188	58
FAO	194 482	261 187	29 889	35 952	157 475	217 261	3 666	5 091	3 452	2 883	164 316	175 372
IAEA	38 328	46 101	29 249	36 695	9 071	9 406	-	-	8	-	2 937	2 725
ICAO	10 070	19 017	-	-	9 691	18 576	-	-	379	441	35 182	32 557
IFC	-	722	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	722	-	6 357
ILO	79 095	82 278	16 136	13 334	46 117	53 163	10 306	11 381	6 536	4 400	61 380	66 960
IMF	-	290	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	290	-	1 305
IMO	9 158	9 708	554	1 158	8 228	8 487	-	-	376	63	5 913	5 357
ITC	16 316	20 266	-	-	16 296	20 267	-	-	20	(1)	14 810	17 277
ITU	6 120	5 863	896	956	5 084	4 850	-	-	140	57	26 320	27 211
WHO	337 019	335 626	137 336	105 423	173 248	204 960 f/	26	24 657	193	586	20 189	24 947
WIPO	5 200	6 533	3 091	4 047	1 885	2 357	-	-	224	129	3 298	2 824
WMO	13 858	16 805	796	1 222	13 062	15 583	-	-	-	-	15 065	16 796
WTO	125	65	-	-	-	-	-	-	125	65	3 001	2 608
World Bank/IDA	4 008	3 243	-	-	-	-	-	-	4 008	3 243	57 520	75 330
ADB	-	11	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	11	2 376	1 152
AFESD	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	712
AsDB	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	8 734	12 253
NGOs	20 950	21 864	-	-	-	-	19 789	19 486	1 161	2 378	-	-
GOVERNMENT	47 579	53 747	-	-	-	-	22 304	33 302	25 275	20 445	98 195	125 119
<b>Total</b>	<b>1 052 617</b>	<b>1 187 065</b>	<b>246 249</b>	<b>233 930</b>	<b>551 572</b>	<b>686 146</b>	<b>157 199</b>	<b>169 029</b>	<b>97 597</b>	<b>97 960</b>	<b>883 442</b>	<b>1 035 683</b>

(Footnotes on following page)

(Footnotes to table 1)

---

- a/ Excluding expenditures funded by UNDP central resources.
- b/ Provisional data covering IPFs, SPR, SMF/LDC, SIS, cost-sharing and trust funds established by the Administrator, where applicable.
- c/ Including expenditures by the United Nations Office for Financial Services.
- d/ Representing expenditures by OPS, UNRFRNRE, UNV, UNFSSTD, the United Nations Department of International Economic and Social Affairs and UNSO.
- e/ Representing expenditures by UNV and OPS.
- f/ Including expenditures incurred by UNICEF and NGOs.

Table 2. United Nations technical co-operation expenditures for 1989 and 1990 by sectors and funding sources  
(Thousands of US dollars)

ACC programme classification categories	Total Expenditures a/ 1989 1990		Funded by regular budgets 1989 1990		Funded by extra- budgetary sources other than UNDP, UNFPA and UNDP- administered funds 1989 1990		Funded by UNFPA 1989 1990		Funded by UNDP- administered funds 1989 1990		Funded by UNDP central resources b/ 1989 1990	
01 Political Affairs	3 503	4 616	869	305	2 521	3 987	-	-	113	324	688	932
02 General Development Issues, Policy and Planning	37 085	39 649	10 473	8 775	23 227	18 685	-	-	3 385	12 189	180 824	224 951
03 Natural Resources	75 232	85 812	11 729	22 381	38 977	43 715	-	-	24 526	19 716	92 715	112 269
04 Agriculture, Forestry and Fisheries	139 714	252 157	25 200	40 544	101 037	197 071	-	-	13 477	14 542	183 350	195 952
05 Industry	67 208	71 492	10 899	7 420	51 501	56 634	-	-	4 808	7 438	100 372	120 658
06 Transport and Communications	42 159	54 750	3 531	4 138	30 019	36 091	-	-	8 609	14 521	78 592	87 309
07 International Trade and Development Finance	29 033	28 185	971	1 034	27 622	26 359	-	-	440	792	27 507	29 414
08 Population	159 021	170 825	30	9	1 406	1 665	157 199	169 029	386	122	761	1 036
09 Human Settlements	8 060	5 889	2 220	891	1 764	1 152	-	-	4 076	3 846	11 163	25 892
10 Health	332 442	331 456	147 247	113 739	175 484	211 334	-	-	9 711	6 383	36 658	45 467
11 Education	20 209	27 030	2 561	5 857	14 261	16 844	-	-	3 387	4 329	34 631	38 839
12 Employment	48 567	42 668	10 841	9 141	30 871	32 757	-	-	6 855	770	38 759	45 882
13 Humanitarian Aid and Relief	6 583	3 946	41	2	1 446	495	-	-	5 096	3 449	12 012	14 396
14 Social Conditions and Equity	16 506	13 422	3 319	3 241	7 471	4 880	-	-	5 716	5 301	17 419	26 401
15 Culture	13 582	16 110	2 065	5 677	11 014	10 258	-	-	503	175	8 059	8 389
16 Science and Technology	38 705	35 783	12 917	10 019	19 279	21 701	-	-	6 509	4 063	59 932	57 896
17 Unspecified	15 008	3 275	1 336	757	13 672	2 518	-	-	-	-	-	-
<b>Total</b>	<b>1 052 617</b>	<b>1 187 065</b>	<b>246 249</b>	<b>233 930</b>	<b>551 572</b>	<b>686 146</b>	<b>157 199</b>	<b>169 029</b>	<b>97 597</b>	<b>97 960</b>	<b>883 442</b>	<b>1 035 683</b>

(Footnotes on following page)



(Footnotes to table 2)

---

a/ Excluding expenditures funded by UNDP central resources.

b/ Provisional data covering IPFs, Special Programme Resources, Special Fund for the Least Developed Countries, Special Industrial Services, cost-sharing and trust funds established by the Administrator, where applicable.

/...

(Thousands of US dollars)

[illegible]

Table 3 (continued)

Agency	Source of funds b/	Sector a/																	TOTAL
		1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	
ECA	A	-	1 318	96	137	263	95	-	-	163	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2 072
	B1	-	93	-	-	-	-	-	4 690	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
	C1	-	1 110	-	333	230	118	-	16	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	-	-	
	C2	-	178	65	223	195	-	5	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	46	-	
ECE	A	-	-	-	-	-	138	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	138
	B1	-	-	69	-	-	-	-	368	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
	C2	-	-	1 359	-	-	-	26	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
ECLAC	A	-	478	-	5	45	219	301	-	-	-	-	77	-	-	-	-	-	1 125
	B1	-	-	77	-	-	-	-	2 404	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
	C1	-	2 141	221	126	7	18	268	812	-	12	38	-	10	115	-	34	-	
	C2	-	800	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
ESCAP	A	-	212	171	-	188	250	139	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2 481
	B1	-	(17)	(1)	-	31	-	-	2 122	-	-	-	-	-	145	-	-	226	
	B2	-	-	55	-	-	-	153	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	39	-	
	C1	-	502	429	929	76	1 261	789	-	329	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	16	
ESCWA	B1	-	48	-	-	12	-	-	716	-	-	-	-	-	541	-	495	2 502	7 853
FAO	A	-	-	3 169	32 783	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	35 952
	B1	-	-	3 184	5 363	44	-	-	5 091	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
	B2	-	-	1 113	22 327	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
	C1	-	-	9 547	145 271	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
IAEA	C2	-	-	10 180	23 115	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	154 818
	A	-	-	12 353	7 552	2 397	-	-	-	-	8 264	-	-	-	-	215	5 383	531	
	B1	-	-	2	-	4	-	-	-	-	7	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
	B2	-	-	17	1	-	-	-	-	-	12	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
ICAO	C1	-	-	3 036	1 544	1 177	-	-	-	-	1 522	-	-	-	-	-	16	-	8 854
	C2	-	-	98	40	-	-	-	-	-	355	-	-	-	-	9	1 566	-	
	B1	-	-	-	-	-	675	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
	B2	-	-	-	-	-	320	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
IFC	C1	-	-	-	-	-	313	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	17 709
	C2	-	-	-	-	17 709	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
	B1	-	-	-	-	172	-	550	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
																			722

Table 3 (continued)

Agency	Source of funds b/	Sector a/																	TOTAL
		1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	
ILO	A	305	596	16	67	11	162	173	9	18	52	1 349	9 064	2	1 447	8	55	-	13 334
	B1	-	-	-	1 439	18	1 349	-	11 381	32	-	99	1 561	-	1 140	-	55	-	17 074
	B2	-	-	-	-	-	91	-	-	-	-	325	929	-	23	-	-	-	1 368
	C1	89	777	261	1 876	448	3 200	595	215	969	509	2 208	28 050	862	4 613	56	129	-	44 857
	C2	-	125	-	-	67	216	1 014	(24)	-	-	1 718	2 262	54	38	-	175	-	5 645
												290	-	-	-	-	-	-	290
IMF	B1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
IMO	A	-	-	-	-	-	1 158	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1 158
	B1	-	-	-	-	-	499	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	499
	B2	-	-	-	-	-	355	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	355
	C1	-	-	-	-	-	7 194	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	7 194
	C2	-	-	-	-	-	502	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	502
ITC	B1	-	-	-	-	(1)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(1)
	C1	-	-	-	-	-	-	20 267	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	20 267
ITU	A	-	-	-	-	-	956	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	956
	B1	-	-	-	-	-	221	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	221
	B2	-	-	-	-	-	1 643	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1 643
	C1	-	-	-	-	-	2 350	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2 350
	C2	-	-	-	-	-	693	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	693
WHO g/	A	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	105 423	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	105 423
	B1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	24 657	-	2 798	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	27 455
	C1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	194 459	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	194 459
	C2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	8 289	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	8 289
WIPO	A	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1 139	2 908	-	4 047
	B1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	129	-	129
	B2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	8	467	-	475
	C1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	123	1 759	-	1 882
WMO	A	-	-	320	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	902	-	1 222
	C1	-	-	4 662	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	9 254	-	13 916
	C2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1 667	-	1 667
World Bank /IDA	B1	-	778	2 415	-	9	31	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	10	-	-	-	3 243
		-	-	-	-	-	-	65	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	65
WTO	B1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
NGOs	B1	-	419	-	216	491	1	-	19 486	-	-	84	38	-	934	139	56	-	21 864

Table 3 (continued)

Agency	Source of funds b/	Sector a/																	TOTAL
		1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	
Governments h/	B1	-	216	6 789	2 751	1 191	3 440	-	33 355	-	3 883	1 881	14	54	-	173	-	-	53 747
TOTAL	A	305	8 775	22 381	40 544	7 420	4 138	1 034	9	891	113 739	5 857	9 141	2	3 241	5 677	10 019	757	233 930
	B1	4 222	16 001	23 551	15 828	8 982	13 823	857	169 207	2 521	12 559	8 635	2 286	3 018	2 938	507	4 324	-	289 259
	B2	-	520	2 563	22 328	306	2 464	153	-	-	12	2 138	929	-	23	10	497	16	31 959
	C1	89	13 215	24 557	150 079	47 781	15 205	25 096	1 633	2 057	196 502	8 524	28 050	872	7 182	9 399	18 341	2 502	551 084
	C2	-	1 138	12 760	23 378	7 003	19 120	1 045	(24)	420	8 644	1 876	2 262	54	38	517	2 602	-	80 833
Grand total		4 616	39 649	85 812	252 157	71 492	54 750	28 185	170 825	5 889	331 456	27 030	42 668	3 946	13 422	16 110	35 783	3 275	1 187 065

a/ For ACC programme classification categories, see table 2 in the text.

b/ A - Regular budget.

B1 - Funded by United Nations system extra-budgetary sources other than UNDP.

B2 - Non-United Nations system multilateral sources.

C1 - Bilateral resources channelled through the United Nations system.

C2 - Unilaterally financed "self-supporting" expenditures.

c/ Including expenditures by the United Nations Office for Financial Services for UNFPA.

d/ Representing expenditures by OPS, UNRPNRE, UNV, UNFSSTD and UNSO.

e/ See footnote a/, table 4, annex II.

f/ Including expenditures by the FAO Investment Centre.

g/ Including support costs.

h/ Representing expenditures financed mainly by UNCDF, UNFPA and other UNDP-administered funds.

Table 4. Agency regular programme technical co-operation expenditures in 1990, by country or area

(Thousands of United States dollars)

Country or area	UN	UNCHS	UNIDO	ILO	FAO	UNESCO a/	WHO b/	ITU	WMO	IAEA	UPU	TOTAL
Afghanistan	-	-	-	-	17	84	1 123	9	19	2	5	1 259
Albania	-	-	15	-	28	41	11	1	-	90	-	186
Algeria	-	-	361	14	303	31	293	14	17	486	-	1 519
Angola	-	-	-	26	235	28	917	6	19	-	18	1 249
Antigua and Barbuda	-	-	-	-	104	96	3	-	-	-	-	203
Argentina	-	-	-	87	366	80	187	3	-	-	-	723
Aruba	-	-	-	-	-	5	-	-	-	-	-	5
Australia	-	-	-	-	-	67	48	-	-	-	-	115
Austria	-	-	-	-	-	70	17	-	-	-	-	87
Bahamas	-	-	-	1	35	-	208	-	3	-	-	247
Bahrain	-	-	-	-	-	41	65	-	-	-	-	106
Bangladesh	-	-	-	36	196	56	2 659	5	-	717	-	3 669
Barbados	-	-	-	19	44	62	-	-	17	-	-	142
Belize	-	-	-	-	68	35	117	-	-	-	-	220
Benin	-	-	21	25	228	44	586	18	6	-	-	928
Bhutan	-	-	-	-	335	47	337	11	-	-	-	730
Bolivia	-	-	-	17	260	50	639	9	19	417	10	1 421
Botswana	-	-	-	24	103	52	445	32	3	-	4	663
Brazil	-	-	37	67	180	104	1 004	-	13	587	-	1 992
British Virgin Islands	-	-	-	-	-	47	-	-	-	-	-	47
Brunei Darussalam	-	-	-	-	-	-	32	-	-	-	-	32
Bulgaria	11	66	-	1	-	89	12	2	-	675	-	856
Burkina Faso	-	-	71	26	470	73	601	13	-	-	-	1 254
Myanmar	-	-	-	1	84	-	1 531	4	-	105	-	1 725
Burundi	-	-	25	49	357	69	441	3	3	-	-	947
Cambodia	-	-	-	5	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	5
Cameroon	-	-	1	40	230	74	619	19	9	84	-	1 076
Caribbean	-	-	44	281	-	-	1 023	-	-	-	-	1 348
Cape Verde	-	-	146	17	186	97	426	32	-	-	2	906
Central African Republic	-	-	-	14	617	17	759	1	-	-	-	1 408
Chad	-	-	56	21	409	84	693	5	-	-	-	1 268
Chile	-	-	-	78	268	84	282	12	7	650	11	1 392
China	2 355	-	246	85	1 233	108	1 914	-	-	648	-	6 589
Colombia	-	-	-	11	242	111	554	22	-	424	-	1 364
Comoros	-	-	-	3	115	50	578	1	9	-	4	760
Congo	-	-	-	-	40	51	578	1	-	-	10	680
Cook Islands	-	-	-	-	95	61	190	-	-	-	-	346
Costa Rica	-	-	-	24	231	69	350	14	-	107	-	795
Côte d'Ivoire	-	-	-	74	460	38	698	4	-	159	5	1 438
Cuba	-	-	17	24	387	78	404	9	-	403	-	1 322
Cyprus	-	-	-	31	413	46	170	28	-	92	-	780
Czechoslovakia	-	-	-	15	-	49	9	4	12	30	-	119
Democratic Kampuchea	-	-	-	-	275	-	-	-	-	-	-	275
Democratic People's Republic of Korea	-	-	-	-	405	44	377	23	-	1 113	6	1 968
Democratic Yemen	-	-	11	-	248	-	-	-	-	-	10	269
Djibouti	-	-	-	2	134	-	451	7	13	-	3	610
Dominica	-	-	-	3	312	38	2	-	-	-	-	355
Egypt	-	-	58	38	284	109	724	2	-	505	3	1 723
El Salvador	-	-	-	5	217	50	290	-	-	213	5	780
Equatorial Guinea	-	-	-	-	38	67	459	9	-	-	17	590
Dominican Republic	-	-	-	9	81	56	359	2	-	165	-	672
Ecuador	-	-	4	30	203	103	763	8	-	361	16	1 488
Ethiopia	-	-	89	6	1 037	69	1 035	21	2	289	-	2 548
Fiji	-	-	-	20	229	70	843	-	-	-	-	1 162
French Guiana	-	-	-	-	-	-	22	-	-	-	-	22

/...

Table 4 (continued)

Country or area	UN	UNCHS	UNIDO	ILO	FAO	UNESCO a/	WHO b/	ITU	WMO	IAEA	UPU	TOTAL
French Polynesia	-	-	-	-	-	-	8	-	-	-	-	8
Gabon	-	-	-	7	5	33	559	5	-	25	-	634
Gambia	-	-	-	20	409	8	427	44	5	-	6	919
Ghana	-	-	-	34	316	264	559	16	7	266	11	1 473
Greece	-	-	-	-	-	-	19	8	-	214	-	241
Grenada	-	-	-	-	91	38	-	-	-	-	-	129
Guam	-	-	-	-	-	-	6	-	-	-	-	6
Guatemala	-	-	-	14	67	49	154	-	15	231	-	530
Guinea	-	-	30	21	333	102	651	1	-	-	-	1 138
Guinea-Bissau	-	-	-	10	331	46	489	11	-	-	3	890
Guyana	-	-	-	4	132	88	291	-	-	-	-	515
Haiti	-	-	7	-	109	63	281	1	9	54	-	524
Honduras	-	-	-	-	158	5	194	16	13	-	-	386
Hungary	-	-	-	-	-	31	20	5	-	114	-	170
Iceland	-	-	-	-	-	5	8	-	-	12	-	25
India	-	-	42	144	342	79	1 562	-	-	-	3	2 172
Indonesia	-	-	-	91	573	143	2 801	-	-	688	10	4 306
Iran, Islamic Republic of	-	-	3	-	288	147	924	1	18	883	-	2 264
Iraq	-	-	-	-	45	44	389	-	-	202	-	680
Jamaica	-	-	-	47	104	40	512	1	-	35	-	739
Jordan	-	-	-	6	77	126	344	8	-	241	16	818
Kenya	-	-	8	24	216	154	588	1	33	141	-	1 165
Kiribati	-	-	-	-	-	20	254	-	-	-	10	284
Kuwait	-	-	-	-	-	19	9	-	-	-	-	28
Lao People's Democratic Republic	-	-	-	6	356	61	1 080	22	-	-	-	1 525
Lebanon	-	-	-	-	51	50	390	-	-	-	20	511
Lesotho	-	-	-	9	351	18	804	2	-	-	6	1 190
Liberia	-	-	-	-	86	53	610	-	-	-	-	749
Libyan Arab Jamahiriya	-	-	-	-	321	7	157	-	-	193	-	678
Madagascar	-	-	-	34	571	66	679	5	-	161	2	1 518
Malawi	-	-	-	19	539	32	736	10	-	-	-	1 336
Malaysia	-	-	12	36	69	48	682	4	24	579	7	1 461
Maldives	-	-	28	-	215	39	367	12	-	-	2	663
Mali	-	-	385	29	135	4	887	10	-	125	11	1 586
Malta	-	-	14	5	80	40	49	25	-	-	-	213
Marshall Islands	-	-	-	-	-	-	54	-	-	-	-	54
Mauritania	-	-	-	15	350	56	919	13	-	-	-	1 353
Mauritius	-	-	-	37	82	57	227	6	-	50	-	459
Mexico	-	-	-	113	768	10	355	6	7	435	-	1 694
Mongolia	-	-	30	12	380	-	418	-	-	339	6	1 185
Morocco	-	-	17	1	145	43	1 076	1	-	235	3	1 521
Mozambique	-	-	-	16	579	45	660	9	18	-	-	1 327
Namibia	-	-	-	110	337	10	332	4	-	-	-	793
National Liberation Mvmts.	-	-	-	219	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	219
Nepal	-	-	72	58	294	-	1 578	20	-	-	13	2 035
Netherlands Antilles	-	-	-	2	-	65	22	-	-	-	-	89
Nicaragua	-	-	20	7	430	50	164	-	-	168	-	839
Niger	-	-	96	-	255	57	778	1	6	128	-	1 321
Nigeria	-	-	226	23	403	79	1 351	8	18	398	5	2 511
Oman	-	-	-	-	-	83	491	-	-	-	8	582
Panama	-	-	-	3	18	36	398	12	-	121	-	588
Papua New Guinea	-	-	-	35	25	52	1 250	-	-	-	-	1 362
Paraguay	-	-	-	45	10	15	142	-	35	188	-	435
Peru	-	-	-	18	92	71	461	26	38	460	10	1 176
Philippines	-	-	20	166	457	142	609	-	12	466	5	1 877
Poland	-	-	7	80	47	53	24	-	-	1 419	-	1 630
Portugal	-	-	-	-	-	17	16	-	-	172	-	205
Qatar	-	-	-	-	-	34	25	6	-	-	4	69

Table 4 (continued)

Country or area	UN	UNCHS	UNIDO	ILO	FAO	UNESCO a/	WHO b/	ITU	WMO	IAEA	UPU	TOTAL
Reunion	-	-	-	-	-	-	15	-	-	-	-	15
Republic of Korea	-	-	-	-	77	69	788	-	-	311	-	1 245
Romania	-	-	1	12	-	153	122	-	-	322	14	624
Rwanda	-	-	-	-	191	76	638	27	-	-	4	936
Saint Kitts and Nevis	-	-	-	-	88	68	30	-	-	-	-	186
Saint Lucia	-	-	-	-	19	55	73	-	-	-	1	148
Saint Vincent and the Grenadines	-	-	-	-	22	34	2	-	-	-	3	61
Samoa	-	-	7	-	231	72	738	16	-	-	-	1 064
Sao Tome and Principe	-	-	103	-	27	76	381	36	18	-	-	641
Saudi Arabia	-	-	-	-	-	53	443	-	-	7	-	503
Senegal	-	-	-	70	516	150	525	1	8	100	15	1 385
Seychelles	-	-	4	4	149	25	370	1	-	-	-	553
Sierra Leone	-	-	100	15	66	20	436	17	9	28	1	692
Singapore	-	-	-	23	-	-	457	-	-	203	-	683
Solomon Islands	-	-	-	7	15	-	779	-	-	-	-	801
Somalia	-	-	-	16	405	44	784	30	-	-	-	1 279
Sri Lanka	-	-	-	29	229	66	1 100	-	-	319	5	1 748
Sudan	-	-	325	41	553	74	1 677	17	-	123	23	2 833
Suriname	-	-	-	1	36	14	133	-	12	-	2	198
Swaziland	-	-	-	13	23	62	475	5	-	-	-	578
Syrian Arab Republic	-	-	-	-	195	67	841	-	-	260	3	1 366
Territory of Hong Kong	-	-	-	1	-	-	73	-	-	32	-	106
Thailand	-	-	-	41	651	116	1 307	-	-	497	15	2 627
Togo	-	-	66	32	242	79	690	20	-	-	2	1 131
Tonga	-	-	-	-	184	45	417	-	-	-	-	646
Trinidad and Tobago	-	-	-	77	62	32	326	2	14	-	-	513
Tunisia	-	-	-	8	667	75	491	2	-	143	3	1 389
Turkey	-	-	28	63	182	84	156	-	-	391	-	904
Turks and the Caicos Is.	-	-	-	10	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	10
Tuvalu	-	-	-	-	-	-	7	17	-	-	-	24
Uganda	-	-	-	132	262	129	615	22	12	125	3	1 300
Union of Soviet Socialist Republics	-	22	-	-	-	205	99	-	-	50	-	376
United Arab Emirates	-	-	-	-	-	10	15	-	-	62	-	87
United Republic of Tanzania	-	-	41	66	1 232	69	588	4	46	277	-	2 323
Uruguay	-	-	-	36	183	69	110	8	-	207	-	613
Vanuatu	-	-	-	4	-	-	471	14	6	-	-	495
Venezuela	-	-	-	26	51	120	484	-	12	416	-	1 109
Viet Nam	-	-	42	35	944	65	1 784	-	27	1 334	13	4 244
Yemen	-	-	-	3	284	239	1 863	29	5	-	2	2 425
Yugoslavia	-	-	19	2	63	71	9	2	4	915	-	1 085
Zaire	-	-	-	23	66	179	1 004	4	24	179	-	1 479
Zambia	-	-	55	9	382	80	520	5	-	398	11	1 460
Zimbabwe	-	-	21	24	184	121	748	3	-	132	16	1 249
Other	-	-	-	93	-	935	398	-	721	-	-	2 147
Total all countries	2 366	88	3 031	3 797	31 518	9 783	78 547	956	626	25 192	426	156 330
Regional Africa	40	-	614	2 673	1 672	772	6 575	-	289	2 536	307	15 478 c/
Regional Arab States and Europe	-	-	69	140	497	441	5 874	-	45	1 434	42	8 542 d/
Regional Asia and Pacific	-	-	122	2 819	899	434	4 015	-	81	1 997	139	10 506 e/
Regional Latin America and the Caribbean	-	-	161	-	1 366	631	5 942	-	181	1 948	160	10 389 f/

/...



Table 4 (continued)

Country or area	UN	UNCHS	UNIDO	ILO	FAO	UNESCO a/	WHO b/	ITU	WMO	IAEA	UPU	TOTAL
Global	-	622	129	-	-	-	4 470	-	-	-	60	5 281
Interregional	8 589	-	390	3 905	-	-	-	-	-	3 588	26	16 498 g/
Total Intercountry	8 629	622	1 485	9 537	4 434	2 278	26 876	0	596	11 503	734	66 694
Other Agencies (footnotes b through h)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	10 906 h/
<b>GRAND TOTAL</b>	<b>10 995</b>	<b>710</b>	<b>4 516</b>	<b>13 334</b>	<b>35 952</b>	<b>12 061</b>	<b>105 423</b>	<b>956</b>	<b>1 222</b>	<b>36 695</b>	<b>1 160</b>	<b>233 930</b>

a/ The data provided by UNESCO under the "Regular Budget" represent expenditures incurred under that organization's participation programme. As a rule, UNESCO considers that no technical co-operation activities are financed from its regular budget.

b/ Data include support costs.

c/ Excluding expenditures by ECA of \$2,072,000.

d/ Excluding expenditures by ECE of \$138,000.

e/ Excluding expenditures by ESCAP of \$1,331,000.

f/ Excluding expenditures by ECLAC of \$1,125,000.

g/ Excluding expenditures by UNCTAD of \$1,035,000.

h/ Including expenditures by IMO of \$1,158,000 and by WIPO of \$4,047,000 for which no breakdown was provided.

Table 5. Agency technical co-operation expenditures financed from United Nations system sources other than UNDP central funds in 1990, by country or area a/

(Thousands of United States dollars)

Country or area	UN	ILO	FAO	UNESCO	WHO	ICAO	IAEA	UNDP	UNICEF	UNIDO	UNCTAD	UNCHS	ESCUA	ECLAC	IMO	UNFPA	W. BANK	NGO	GVT	ITU	UPU	OTHERS	b/	TOTAL
Afghanistan	52	-	3 837	947	30	-	-	5 432	69	-	-	-	-	-	-	177	-	-	-	-	-	654	-	11 198
Albania	203	-	-	-	79	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	4	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	286
Algeria	171	-	-	268	-	-	-	-	-	2	-	-	-	-	-	35	-	18	20	-	-	-	1	515
Angola	242	-	-	79	-	-	-	85	5	-	-	-	-	-	-	220	-	23	110	-	-	64	-	828
Antigua and Barbuda	-	-	-	-	28	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	4	-	32
Anguilla	-	-	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	63	-	-	13	-	77
Argentina	191	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	19	-	-	137	-	-	-	-	34
Bahamas	-	-	-	-	151	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	11	-	162
Bahrain	(4)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(4)
Bangladesh	1 693	186	-	5	-	-	-	40	235	67	-	-	-	-	-	635	-	20	3 258	-	-	205	-	6 344
Barbados	-	-	-	-	9	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	9
Belize	-	-	-	-	5	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	6
Benin	260	206	-	257	-	-	-	60	-	77	-	-	-	-	-	35	-	258	841	-	-	200	-	2 194
Bhutan	-	-	3	-	468	-	-	146	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	378	-	-	316	-	1 311
Bolivia	73	89	-	-	974	-	-	438	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	66	-	-	143	-	-	996	-	2 799
Botsuana	413	-	202	-	61	-	-	20	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	79	-	-	(27)	8	-	286	-	1 042
Brazil	173	-	-	-	1 265	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(3)	-	-	383	-	-	9	-	1 891
British Virgin Islands	-	-	-	-	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	18	-	-	-	5	-	23
Bulgaria	150	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	33	-	-	-	-	185
Burkina Faso	490	(2)	-	488	-	-	-	212	123	-	-	-	-	-	-	170	-	16	2 923	-	-	198	-	4 618
Burundi	257	476	145	282	-	-	-	189	(9)	11	-	-	-	-	-	233	-	12	381	-	-	147	-	2 124
Cameroon	138	409	14	174	165	-	-	144	-	53	-	-	-	-	-	53	-	-	27	-	-	21	-	1 198
Caribbean	-	-	-	-	27	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	27
Cape Verde	402	259	-	161	-	-	-	618	-	-	-	706	-	-	-	79	-	-	819	-	-	142	-	3 186
Central African Rep.	189	-	-	12	281	-	-	439	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	19	-	-	(83)	-	-	189	-	1 046
Chad	535	-	1	26	76	-	-	567	(13)	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	-	-	-	-	-	99	-	1 293
Chile	19	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	67
China	728	47	711	(1)	938	-	-	208	510	-	-	-	-	-	-	968	-	705	178	-	-	61	-	5 053
Colombia	4	-	-	33	270	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	129	-	15	7	-	-	-	-	458
Comoros	283	-	617	-	-	-	-	531	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	107	-	112	63	-	-	148	-	1 861
Congo	259	63	-	132	217	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	88	-	-	-	-	-	21	-	780
Cook Islands	-	4	-	-	14	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	61	-	99
Costa Rica	31	322	-	24	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	19	-	28	430	-	-	16	-	870
Cote d'Ivoire	192	-	-	6	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	23	-	-	142	-	-	1	-	364
Cuba	-	-	-	-	26	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(1)	-	19	-	-	178	-	-	-	-	222

/...

Table 5 (continued)

Country or area	UN	ILO	FAO	UNESCO	WHO	ICAO	IAEA	UNDP	UNICEF	UNITED	UNCTAD	UNCHS	ESCAP	ECLAC	IMO	UNFPA U. BANK	NGO	QUT	ITU	UPU OTHERS b/	TOTAL
Cyprus	17	18	-	-	-	-	-	4	-	169	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	-	-	11	220
Democratic People's Republic of Korea	479	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	279	-	30	-	14	802
Democratic Yemen	364	3	260	279	101	-	-	-	2	48	-	-	18	-	-	(37)	-	173	-	222	1 433
Djibouti	133	-	-	-	112	-	-	173	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	245	-	76	739
Dominica	-	-	-	-	14	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	5	-	-	26	45
Dominican Republic	56	-	-	39	11	-	-	(7)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	117	25	-	-	1	262
Ecuador	284	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	432	22	97	-	3	838
Egypt	335	190	-	240	5	-	1	-	-	268	-	-	-	-	-	459	-	494	-	6	1 998
El Salvador	340	-	-	52	9	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	101	-	101	-	-	502
Equatorial Guinea	225	18	11	-	186	-	-	452	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	247	46	295	-	83	1 563
Ethiopia	501	223	494	49	-	-	-	1 426	188	-	-	-	-	-	-	974	30	1 289	-	700	5 874
Fiji	-	48	-	-	97	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	7	30	-	-	193	375
Gabon	70	151	-	-	74	-	-	-	-	77	-	-	-	-	-	2	-	-	-	29	403
Gambia	142	160	-	14	59	-	-	237	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	56	20	286	-	90	1 064
Ghana	155	85	109	247	-	-	-	89	-	83	-	-	-	-	-	348	386	92	119	15	1 728
Grenada	-	-	-	-	24	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	20	53
Guatemala	35	(5)	-	42	8	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	8	-	-	-	-	54	-	917	1 235
Guinea	1	199	382	331	303	-	-	1 031	-	(2)	-	345	-	-	-	184	-	93	-	128	2 832
Guinea-Bissau	377	-	-	35	39	-	-	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	9	-	873	-	67	1 403
Guyana	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	120	-	-	97	217
Haiti	91	-	-	52	548	-	-	97	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	152	-	529	-	287	1 880
Honduras	346	177	8	199	103	-	-	19	-	-	-	88	-	36	-	65	-	-	-	447	1 364
Hungary	65	-	-	-	168	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	27	-	-	-	-	240
India	1	300	-	-	-	-	-	26	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3 456	842	12 067	-	-	16 492
Indonesia	-	36	-	21	107	-	-	17	-	-	-	-	-	-	30	56	60	2 058	-	95	2 480
Iran, Islamic Rep. of	8	-	-	-	127	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	10	-	-	-	-	145
Iraq	132	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	18	15
Jamaica	-	9	11	4	(1)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	6	-	159	-	115	303
Jordan	249	120	-	48	21	-	-	-	-	353	-	-	12	-	-	426	12	30	-	4	1 275
Kenya	59	278	12	1	73	-	-	58	-	10	-	-	-	-	-	80	55	(249)	-	32	409
Kiribati	261	-	-	-	17	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	-	26	307
Lao People's Democratic Rep.	972	18	20	-	1	-	-	963	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	122	135	-	162	2 393
Lebanon	-	-	-	-	16	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	16
Lesotho	117	-	153	-	-	-	-	(149)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	-	590	-	254	967

Table 5 (continued)

Country or area	UN	ILO	FAO	UNESCO	WHO	ICAO	IAEA	UNDP	UNICEF	UNITO	UNCTAD	UNCHS	ESCWA	ECLAC	IMO	UNFPA	W. BANK	NGO	GVT	ITU	UPU	OTHERS b/	TOTAL
Liberia	106	192	71	43	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(13)	-	46	1	-	-	24	470
Libyan Arab Jamahiriya	-	-	601	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	601
Madagascar	204	106	-	199	46	-	-	-	-	162	-	-	-	-	-	210	-	-	82	-	-	22	1 031
Malawi	629	155	163	48	249	-	-	157	-	14	-	-	-	-	-	211	-	35	1 754	-	-	152	3 567
Malaysia	-	7	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	64	-	-	343	-	-	2	417
Maldives	-	35	-	63	66	-	-	127	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	14	-	17	185	-	-	130	637
Mali	41	197	(6)	226	23	-	-	3 718	7	3	-	-	-	-	-	127	-	2	675	-	-	239	5 252
Marshall Islands	-	-	-	22	107	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	129
Mauritania	281	-	962	167	174	-	-	406	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	143	127	-	452	-	-	156	2 868
Mauritius	117	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	84	-	-	-	-	-	19	-	311	9	-	-	-	540
Mexico	33	-	-	-	387	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	411	-	339	1 432	-	-	63	2 665
Micronesia	-	-	-	59	71	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	9	-	6	2	-	-	-	147
Mongolia	262	-	-	-	159	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	181	-	-	-	-	-	32	634
Morocco	410	254	(2)	457	134	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	109	-	118	454	-	-	28	1 962
Mozambique	149	250	79	92	10	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	398	-	-	3 791	-	-	166	4 935
Montserrat	-	-	-	-	16	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	27	43
Myanmar	203	274	-	-	81	-	-	-	-	68	-	-	-	-	-	19	-	-	-	-	-	12	657
Namibia	1 324	16	-	-	98	13	-	468	-	-	-	-	-	-	63	28	-	-	-	-	1 105	3 115	
Nepal	46	-	-	31	28	-	-	832	649	-	-	-	-	-	-	384	-	-	2 270	-	-	107	4 347
Netherlands Antilles	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	18	-	-	-	-	-	-	18
Nicaragua	142	5	-	42	306	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(50)	-	-	30	-	-	1 687	2 162
Niger	747	216	14	258	434	-	-	(211)	-	-	-	757	-	-	-	56	-	-	450	-	-	146	2 867
Nigeria	504	183	-	320	-	-	-	(23)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	90	-	-	1 245	-	-	3	2 322
Oman	144	-	-	99	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	62	305
Palestine	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1 622	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1 622
Pakistan	1 152	624	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	329	-	83	970	-	-	9	3 167
Panama	219	-	-	-	107	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	17	-	100	1	-	-	112	565
Papua New Guinea	-	27	-	-	74	234	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	9	-	111	132	-	-	2	1 009
Paraguay	272	-	-	94	389	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	111	-	242	341	-	-	(291)	1 385
Peru	17	-	-	94	885	-	-	-	-	(14)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Philippines	326	171	179	-	-	-	-	144	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	124	-	2 795	677	-	-	534	4 950
Poland	-	1	-	-	17	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	161	18	-	-	-	197
Portugal	-	-	-	-	41	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	-	104	-	-	-	146
Qatar	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	14	-	-	-	-	-	-	14
Republic of Korea	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	30	-	46	483	-	-	12	571
Romania	19	-	-	-	141	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	163	-	-	-	-	-	-	323
Rwanda	307	-	100	-	-	-	-	862	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	156	-	16	259	-	-	312	2 012

Table 5 (continued)

Table 2 (Continued)

Country or area	UN	ILO	FAO	UNESCO	WHO	ICAO	IAEA	UNDP	UNICEF	UNITED NATIONS	ESCAP	ECLAC	IMO	UNFPA	W. BANK	NGO	GVT	ITU	UPU	OTHERS	b/	TOTAL	
Saint Kitts and Nevis	-	-	-	-	-	4	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	17	-	-	16	37	
Saint Lucia	-	-	-	-	-	4	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	16	41	
Saint Vincent and the Grenadines	-	-	-	-	-	40	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	62	106	
Samoa	301	7	1	12	94	-	-	-	-	-	-	4	-	(1)	-	-	-	57	-	-	219	389	
Sao Tome and Principe	-	57	-	100	-	-	-	72	-	-	-	-	-	31	-	-	95	17	-	-	94	767	
Saudi Arabia	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	1	
Senegal	339	1 004	-	529	-	-	-	1 378	-	-	-	-	-	438	-	36	1 982	-	-	-	46	5 752	
Seychelles	371	673	35	40	71	-	-	25	-	-	-	-	-	9	-	-	-	30	-	-	3	42	
Sierra Leone	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	102	-	6	433	-	-	-	188	1 944	
Solomon Islands	-	-	-	-	-	98	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	41	139	
Somalia	236	151	1	98	304	-	-	388	-	-	-	-	-	23	-	-	-	2	-	-	127	1 330	
South Africa	2 874	60	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2 874	
Sri Lanka	534	905	617	293	557	-	-	796	-	75	-	-	-	867	-	19	-	-	-	-	1	1 125	
Sudan	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	390	-	1	207	-	-	-	351	4 726	
Suriname	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	27	-	26	-	-	-	-	-	53	
Swaziland	297	20	-	1	-	1	-	62	-	-	-	-	-	32	-	-	-	18	-	-	20	451	
Syrian Arab Republic	73	22	-	54	48	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	202	-	-	-	76	-	-	36	511	
Territory of Hong Kong	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	70	70	
Thailand	-	116	6	-	138	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	63	-	8	1 110	-	-	-	1	1 442	
Togo	141	29	-	300	-	-	-	889	-	60	-	-	-	252	-	35	194	-	-	-	122	2 022	
Tokelau	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	-	10	11	
Tonga	-	3	-	24	123	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	14	-	-	-	-	-	-	24	188	
Trinidad and Tobago	19	-	-	-	3	-	-	11	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	34	
Trust Territory of Pacific Is.	-	44	-	6	41	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Tunisia	182	-	12	39	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	31	130	
Turkey	7	2	-	19	89	-	-	-	-	617	-	-	-	505	-	42	185	-	-	-	-	965	
Turks and Caicos Islands	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	449	-	-	-	-	1 183	
Tuvalu	250	-	-	-	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	6	
Uganda	412	2 410	564	162	15	-	-	1	-	714	-	-	-	151	-	-	-	-	-	-	14	279	
United Arab Emirates	-	-	-	-	657	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	97	-	-	363	-	-	-	187	5 621	
United Republic of Tanzania	386	98	-	90	38	-	-	70	-	41	-	2	-	1 637	-	89	698	-	-	-	343	3 692	
Uruguay	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	-	-	57	-	-	-	-	60	60
Vanuatu	-	-	-	28	125	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	22	-	31	14	-	-	-	52	272	
Venezuela	48	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	62	-	13	22	-	-	-	-	145	145
Viet Nam	289	54	13	404	1 889	-	-	490	-	-	-	-	-	992	-	310	131	-	-	-	26	4 598	

/...

Table 5 (continued)

Country or area	UN	ILO	FAO	UNESCO	WHO	ICAO	IAEA	UNDP	UNICEF	UNIDO	UNCTAD	UNCHS	ESCWA	ECLAC	IMO	UNFPA	W. BANK	NGO	GVF	ITU	UPU	OTHERS b/	TOTAL
Yemen	389	-	88	467	135	-	-	-	123	-	-	-	-	-	-	103	-	-	325	-	-	255	1 885
Yugoslavia	54	-	-	-	3	-	-	-	-	152	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	24	39	-	-	-	273
Zaire	295	486	-	301	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	35	-	115	-	-	-	27	1 259
Zambia	1 095	414	1	49	198	-	-	370	-	36	-	-	-	-	-	669	-	-	(4)	18	-	76	2 922
Zimbabwe	534	89	-	-	-	-	-	411	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	213	-	113	10	-	-	78	1 448
Others	1 294	9	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	57	-	20	1 381
Total all countries	31 033	13 453	10 490	9 876	16 208	248	1	26 655	1 935	3 169	11	1 898	30	68	93	20 856	147	8 464	52 490	202	0	15 447	212 774
Regional Africa	-	642	467	806	805	-	3	2 572	-	-	-	-	-	-	20	1 313	10	1 888	256	16	17	1 567	10 382 c/
Regional Arab States and Europe	336	407	242	510	1 449	-	-	38	-	-	-	-	778	-	386	201	-	307	15	-	-	74	4 743 d/
Regional Asia and Pacific	-	1 143	366	1 603	857	-	-	1 008	-	-	-	8	-	-	-	341	-	2 776	9	-	-	401	8 512 e/
Regional Latin America and the Caribbean	25	244	160	322	1 337	-	-	964	-	-	-	-	-	2 166	-	126	793	1 001	404	3	-	57	7 602
Global	-	-	-	84	44	-	-	1 528	-	30	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	134	11	-	33	78	1 942
Interregional	3 080	1 185	1 957	1 948	6 755	427	9	5 123	-	1 215	230	-	-	247	-	2 764	2 293	7 294	562	-	-	713	35 802 f/
Total Intercountry	3 441	3 621	3 192	5 273	11 247	427	12	11 233	-	1 245	230	8	778	2 413	406	4 745	3 096	13 400	1 257	19	50	2 890	68 983
Footnotes c to f	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	7 502
GRAND TOTAL	34 474	17 074	13 682	15 149	27 455	675	13	37 888	1 935	4 414	241	1 906	808	2 481	499	25 601	3 243	21 864	53 747	221	50	18 337	289 259

a/ Expenditures do not include overhead paid to executing agencies.

b/ Represents expenditures incurred and executed by various agencies, for which breakdown can be found in footnotes to table 6 (UNDP-Administered Trust Funds of the Administrator's Annual Report 1990).

c/ Excluding expenditures of \$4,783,672 by ECA.

d/ Excluding expenditures of \$4,972 by ECE.

e/ Excluding expenditures of \$73,628 by ESCAP.

f/ Excluding expenditures of \$107,409 by UNEP.

Table 6. Agency technical co-operation expenditures financed from non-United Nations system multilateral sources in 1990, by country or area

(Thousands of United States dollars)

Countries	ILO	FAO	UNESCO	ICAO	IAEA	IMO	ITU	UNIDO	UNCTAD	WIPO	ESCAP	TOTAL
Antigua and Barbuda	-	-	-	-	-	15	-	-	-	-	-	15
Argentina	-	19	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	19
Benin	-	112	7	-	-	15	-	-	-	-	-	134
Bhutan	-	35	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	35
Bolivia	-	32	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	32
Brazil	-	4	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	4
Burkina Faso	-	55	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	55
Burundi	-	110	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	110
Cameroon	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	118	-	-	-	118
Cape Verde	-	11	10	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	21
Central African Republic	-	-	124	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	124
Chad	-	109	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	109
China	26	77	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	103
Comoros	-	56	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	56
Congo	-	-	-	-	-	15	-	-	-	-	-	15
Cook Islands	-	26	-	-	-	15	-	-	-	-	-	41
Costa Rica	-	37	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	37
Cuba	-	9	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	9
Democratic Kampuchea	-	46	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	46
Democratic Yemen	-	13	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	13
Dominica	-	-	-	-	-	15	-	-	-	-	-	15
Ecuador	-	15	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	15
Egypt	114	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	114
El Salvador	-	38	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	38
Equatorial Guinea	-	13	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	13
Ethiopia	-	1 978	10	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1 988
Gambia	-	48	222	-	-	30	-	-	-	-	-	300
Ghana	-	7	-	-	-	30	-	-	-	-	-	37
Guinea	-	-	244	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	244
Guinea-Bissau	-	23	149	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	172
Haiti	74	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	74
Honduras	-	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1
India	-	11	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	11
Indonesia	-	-	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2
Iraq	11	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	11
Kenya	-	-	-	-	-	15	-	-	-	-	-	15
Lao People's Democratic Rep.	-	43	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	43
Lebanon	-	-	21	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	21
Lesotho	-	67	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	67
Madagascar	(4)	(25)	401	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	372
Malawi	-	95	-	-	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	96
Maldives	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2
Malta	-	-	-	-	-	15	-	-	-	-	-	15
Mauritania	-	167	5	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	172
Mexico	-	53	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	53
Morocco	-	-	74	-	-	15	-	-	-	-	-	89
Mozambique	-	76	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	76
Multi-island country projects	193	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	193
Myanmar	-	92	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	92
Namibia	-	-	-	-	-	30	-	-	-	-	-	30

Table 6 (continued)

Countries	ILO	FAO	UNESCO	ICAO	IAEA	IMO	ITU	UNIDO	UNCTAD	WIPO	ESCAP	TOTAL
Nepal	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3
Niger	52	15	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	67
Pakistan	-	14	-	-	-	-	-	-	88	-	-	102
Palestine	-	16	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	16
Peru	-	14	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	14
Philippines	231	20	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	251
Rwanda	-	94	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	94
Sao Tome and Principe	-	-	-	266	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	266
Senegal	-	11	123	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	134
Seychelles	-	59	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	59
Sierra Leone	-	167	20	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	187
Somalia	-	15	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	17
Sri Lanka	-	-	-	-	-	30	-	-	-	-	-	30
Sudan	-	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2
Swaziland	78	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	78
Syrian Arab Republic	-	-	171	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	171
Trinidad and Tobago	-	-	-	-	-	30	-	-	-	-	-	30
Tunisia	-	1	16	-	-	15	-	-	-	-	-	32
Uganda	-	-	404	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	404
United Republic of of Tanzania	-	31	-	-	-	30	-	-	-	-	-	61
Uruguay	-	14	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	14
Yemen	-	(5)	1 118	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1 113
Zambia	-	4	-	27	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	31
Zimbabwe	-	11	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	11
Others	-	-	-	26	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	26
Global	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	105	-	-	-	105
Inter-regional	-	15 214	377	-	1	-	-	83	14	-	-	15 689
Regional Africa	498	680	-	-	-	-	1 642	-	-	-	-	2 820
Regional Arab States	-	578	8	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	586
Europe	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Regional Asia and Pacific	90	2 327	-	-	19	20	-	-	-	-	224	2 680
Regional Latin America and the Caribbean	-	706	117	-	26	20	-	-	55	-	-	924
Other Regional	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	475	-	475 a/
TOTAL	1 368	23 440	3 625	320	46	355	1 643	306	157	475	224	31 959

a/ Breakdown by country/region not available.



Table 7. Agency technical co-operation expenditures financed from bilateral extrabudgetary contributions in 1990, by country or area

(Thousands of United States dollars)

Countries	UN	UNCTAD	CTC	UNCHS	ECLAC	UNIDO	ILO	FAO	UNESCO	WHO	ICAO	IAEA	ITC	ITU	IMO	UPU	WMO	TOTAL
Afghanistan	-	-	-	-	-	15	-	-	-	245	-	-	-	-	-	-	150	410
Albania	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	32	-	12	-	-	-	-	7	51
Algeria	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	129	-	60	-	3	-	-	-	-	75	267
Angola	-	-	-	-	-	70	-	990	-	644	-	-	431	-	-	-	68	2 203
Antigua and Barbuda	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	7	-	-	-	-	15	-	-	22
Argentina	-	-	-	-	83	74	21	-	50	110	-	5	-	-	-	-	55	398
Aruba	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	19	-	19
Bahamas	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	178	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	178
Bahrain	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	35	24	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	59
Bangladesh	-	-	28	-	-	-	308	1 146	79	448	-	181	-	-	89	-	-	2 279
Barbados	-	-	-	-	-	-	50	-	-	206	-	-	-	-	-	-	6	262
Belize	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	35	72	-	-	-	-	-	-	16	123
Benin	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	274	22	448	-	-	3	-	30	-	-	777
Bhutan	-	-	-	44	-	138	-	120	337	256	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	895
Bolivia	-	-	10	-	-	156	309	902	-	206	-	79	178	-	-	-	-	1 840
Botswana	-	14	-	-	-	248	423	180	-	520	2	-	-	-	-	-	63	1 450
Brazil	-	-	-	-	140	361	67	174	-	446	-	600	-	-	30	-	13	1 831
Bulgaria	-	-	-	-	-	14	-	1 690	-	14	-	31	-	-	-	4	-	1 753
Burkina Faso	152	-	-	-	-	-	85	2 901	44	749	-	-	204	-	-	1	39	4 175
Burundi	37	-	-	-	-	-	207	414	-	663	-	-	-	-	-	1	26	1 348
Cambodia	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	89	25	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	114
Cameroon	-	-	4	-	-	3	110	220	26	642	64	25	-	-	15	1	9	1 119
Cape Verde	102	-	-	(1)	-	-	323	1 563	27	81	-	-	-	-	391	-	1	2 487
Caribbean Islands	-	-	-	-	-	8	18	-	505	302	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	833
Cayman Islands	23	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	23
Central African Republic	93	-	-	-	-	-	-	85	18	1 049	-	-	-	-	-	30	65	1 340
Chad	176	-	-	-	-	66	-	1 932	35	576	-	-	-	-	-	-	98	2 883
Chile	-	-	-	-	17	14	72	-	5	208	-	7	-	-	-	-	29	352
China	-	-	-	-	-	944	2 219	2 322	572	421	-	203	246	-	74	-	27	7 028
Colombia	-	-	5	-	83	-	-	251	44	191	-	248	-	-	45	-	95	962
Comoros	9	-	-	-	-	-	-	40	14	91	-	-	-	-	15	-	45	214
Congo	-	-	-	-	-	(2)	47	-	-	726	-	-	-	4	15	4	105	899
Costa Rica	-	-	-	28	89	364	639	710	-	185	-	-	152	-	-	-	37	2 204
Côte d'Ivoire	-	-	-	-	-	50	297	6	31	726	-	24	-	-	15	-	33	1 182
Cuba	-	-	-	-	-	7	-	-	48	113	-	12	-	-	-	-	-	180

Table 7 (continued)

Countries	UN	UNCTAD	CTC	UNCHS	ECLAC	UNIDO	ILO	FAO	UNESCO	WHO	ICAO	IAEA	ITC	ITU	IMO	UPU	WMO	TOTAL
Cyprus	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	88	-	40	-	-	15	4	5	152
Czechoslovakia	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	24	-	30	-	-	-	17	-	71
Democratic People's Republic of Korea	-	-	-	-	-	432	-	-	4	-	-	-	-	10	-	-	50	496
Democratic Kampuchea	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	144	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	144
Democratic Yemen	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	285	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	26	311
Djibouti	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	80	-	26	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	106
Dominica	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	59	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	59
Dominican Republic	-	-	-	-	9	-	-	6	-	302	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	317
Ecuador	-	-	-	-	-	14	-	814	55	221	-	214	149	-	-	-	89	1 556
Egypt	-	-	-	-	-	414	734	347	28	-	-	277	16	-	30	-	-	1 846
El Salvador	-	-	-	-	-	-	13	-	30	149	-	38	-	-	-	-	6	236
Equatorial Guinea	55	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	53	242	-	-	-	-	30	-	-	380
Ethiopia	62	-	9	-	-	430	150	378	214	2 276	-	31	37	-	22	-	92	3 701
Fiji	20	-	-	-	-	-	617	-	-	97	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	734
Gabon	44	-	-	-	-	-	-	53	-	401	-	-	-	-	-	-	106	604
Gambia	162	-	-	-	-	-	532	440	5	397	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1 536
Ghana	-	-	25	76	-	89	114	991	-	674	-	166	227	-	30	18	102	2 512
Greece	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	79	-	65	-	-	-	-	-	144
Grenada	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	32	-	-	-	-	-	-	6	38
Guatemala	-	-	-	-	1	168	-	-	44	350	-	116	-	-	-	-	74	753
Guinea	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	216	1	248	-	-	-	-	69	-	66	600
Guinea-Bissau	161	-	-	-	-	-	-	1 091	123	399	-	-	-	-	-	-	25	1 799
Guyana	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	-	96	309	-	-	-	-	15	15	15	451
Haiti	150	-	-	3	-	-	-	295	25	440	-	-	-	-	30	-	70	1 013
Honduras	35	-	-	-	-	2	69	12	-	294	-	-	252	10	30	-	9	713
Hungary	-	-	-	-	-	147	-	-	-	22	-	146	-	-	-	-	2	317
India	-	-	40	-	-	181	1 431	2	14	2 386	-	13	1 517	-	60	-	2	5 646
Indonesia	-	-	-	2	-	213	1 107	1 695	6	115	-	517	-	12	44	-	47	3 758
Iran, Islamic Republic of	-	-	-	-	-	6	-	-	-	170	-	58	-	-	-	-	15	249
Iraq	-	-	-	-	-	33	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3
Jamaica	35	-	-	-	-	-	-	12	-	195	-	-	-	-	15	-	41	298
Jordan	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	12	1 233	-	-	42	-	15	-	-	1 302
Kenya	-	-	-	-	-	118	383	202	780	2 601	-	51	-	-	30	-	355	4 520
Kiribati	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	15	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	15
Kuwait	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	9	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	9

Table 7 (continued)

Countries	UN	UNCTAD	CTC	UNCHS	ECLAC	UNIDO	ILO	FAO	UNESCO	WHO	ICAO	IAEA	ITC	ITU	IMO	UPU	WMO	TOTAL
Lebanon	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	176	-	129	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	305
Lesotho	-	-	-	-	-	82	171	1 368	320	284	41	-	186	-	-	-	53	2 505
Liberia	-	-	-	-	-	(4)	-	-	298	298	-	-	-	-	-	-	37	376
Libyan Arab Jamahiriya	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1 257	259	52	-	107	-	-	45	-	-	1 675
Madagascar	-	-	-	-	-	81	415	420	72	34	-	-	-	2	-	-	-	1 024
Malawi	4	-	-	-	-	300	-	281	69	2 160	-	-	72	-	-	-	7	2 893
Malaysia	-	-	6	50	-	1	-	-	47	47	-	67	72	-	44	-	18	305
Maldives	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	140	28	25	-	-	-	10	-	75	278
Mali	24	-	-	-	-	77	1 180	846	99	410	-	-	-	-	-	7	10	2 653
Malta	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	11	-	-	-	28	11	-	-	-	50
Mauritania	-	-	-	-	-	-	241	193	177	46	-	-	97	-	45	-	-	799
Mauritius	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	261	261	-	-	-	-	-	-	18	279
Mexico	-	-	-	-	-	311	94	52	-	783	-	200	-	-	-	-	6	1 446
Micronesia	-	-	-	-	-	46	-	-	-	63	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	109
Mongolia	-	-	15	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	11	-	-	-	-	64	90
Morocco	-	-	-	-	-	168	-	303	29	53	-	84	-	-	15	-	-	652
Mozambique	105	-	4	-	-	299	646	1 127	-	1 911	-	-	526	91	15	-	41	4 765
Myanmar	-	-	-	-	-	5	-	320	24	1 538	-	-	-	-	59	-	70	2 016
Namibia	-	-	21	-	-	-	149	-	36	260	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	466
National Liberation Mvmts.	-	-	-	-	-	-	34	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	34
Nepal	2	-	-	-	-	37	722	1 561	228	371	-	-	-	-	-	-	207	3 128
Netherlands Antilles	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	41	41
Nicaragua	40	-	8	-	-	2	205	1 491	488	542	-	-	-	-	15	-	27	2 818
Niger	10	-	-	-	-	48	582	7 061	-	558	-	4	-	-	-	-	103	8 366
Nigeria	-	-	7	-	-	806	-	144	-	980	-	423	-	-	60	-	189	2 609
Norway	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	25	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	25
Oman	-	-	-	-	-	43	-	-	-	12	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	55
Palestine	-	-	-	-	-	(14)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	8	-	(6)
Pakistan	29	-	-	-	-	18	345	417	12	297	-	6	-	-	29	-	15	1 168
Panama	-	-	-	-	-	33	46	-	-	136	-	2	-	-	-	-	12	229
Papua New Guinea	-	-	-	-	-	200	2	-	-	179	-	-	-	-	14	-	8	403
Paraguay	36	-	-	42	-	-	-	-	32	109	-	5	-	-	-	-	86	310
Peru	-	-	-	-	-	86	53	1 554	100	1 099	-	63	-	2	-	-	78	3 035
Philippines	-	-	-	-	-	153	512	855	64	1 250	-	26	112	-	89	-	111	3 172
Poland	-	-	-	-	-	48	5	-	-	14	-	732	-	-	-	-	-	799

Table 7 (continued)

Countries	UN	UNCTAD	CTC	UNCHS	ECLAC	UNIDO	ILO	FAO	UNESCO	WHO	ICAO	IAEA	ITC	ITU	IMO	UPU	WMO	TOTAL
Portugal	-	-	-	-	-	9	-	-	-	-	-	72	-	-	-	-	-	81
Republic of Korea	-	-	-	-	-	12	-	-	-	17	-	246	-	-	45	-	-	320
Romania	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	429	-	2	-	-	-	3	-	434
Rwanda	-	-	-	-	-	61	888	483	33	576	-	-	666	383	-	1	45	3 136
Saint Kitts and Nevis	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	13	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	13
Saint Lucia	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	93	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	93
Saint Vincent and the Grenadines	47	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	19	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	66
Samoa	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	76	70	(25)	-	-	-	-	14	-	-	135
Sao Tome and Principe	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	249	-	-	-	-	30	-	16	295
Saudi Arabia	-	-	-	-	-	4	-	-	-	186	-	-	33	-	-	-	-	223
Senegal	-	-	-	207	-	34	423	4 078	159	1 086	-	-	212	-	15	-	57	6 271
Seychelles	-	-	-	-	-	2	-	-	-	160	-	-	-	-	-	-	155	317
Sierra Leone	-	-	-	-	-	62	143	350	2	388	-	-	-	-	45	-	7	997
Singapore	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	15	-	6	21
Solomon Islands	12	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	42	-	-	-	-	-	20	16	90
Somalia	-	-	-	-	-	90	5	1 701	146	99	-	-	-	-	15	-	9	2 065
Sri Lanka	-	-	-	-	-	74	32	565	92	236	-	116	-	-	15	-	67	1 197
Sudan	-	-	-	-	-	229	1 325	4 775	12	1 214	-	34	217	-	60	18	167	8 051
Suriname	-	-	-	-	-	1	60	-	-	399	-	-	-	4	-	-	70	534
Swaziland	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	57	6	146	-	-	-	-	-	-	49	258
Syrian Arab Republic	-	-	-	-	-	95	-	65	-	170	-	26	-	-	-	-	11	367
Thailand	-	-	-	-	-	110	505	69	(7)	2 106	-	335	10	-	30	-	71	3 229
Togo	121	-	-	-	-	-	262	571	203	495	-	-	-	-	-	-	96	1 748
Tokelau	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	-	-	-	2
Tonga	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	38	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	38
Trinidad and Tobago	-	-	-	-	-	27	130	-	-	194	-	-	-	-	16	-	10	377
Trust Territory of Pacific Islands	206	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	206
Tunisia	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	5	-	-	83	-	-	30	-	-	118
Turkey	-	-	-	-	-	55	42	101	-	15	-	4	-	-	-	-	-	217
Turks and Caicos Islands	38	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	38
Uganda	55	-	20	-	-	-	221	246	37	2 408	-	-	-	-	-	-	70	3 057
United Arab Emirates	-	-	-	-	-	35	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	35
United Republic of Tanzania	31	-	7	-	-	96	2 201	2 250	118	2 378	-	83	256	-	60	-	154	7 634
Uruguay	-	-	-	-	68	19	-	-	36	153	-	134	8	13	-	-	35	466
Vanuatu	142	-	-	-	-	-	-	52	-	45	-	-	-	6	-	-	5	250

Table 7 (continued)

Countries	UN	UNCTAD	CTC	UNCHS	ECLAC	UNIDO	ILO	FAO	UNESCO	WHO	ICAO	IAEA	ITC	ITU	IMO	UPU	WMO	TOTAL
Venezuela	-	-	-	-	-	105	-	-	-	89	-	20	-	-	15	-	123	352
Viet Nam	225	-	-	-	-	115	-	281	14	468	-	70	-	5	30	-	50	1 258
Yemen	40	-	-	-	-	80	-	852	96	815	-	-	-	-	-	-	15	1 898
Yugoslavia	-	-	6	-	-	71	-	-	1	23	-	270	-	-	-	-	20	391
Zaire	-	-	-	-	-	29	66	530	-	477	-	3	-	-	-	-	21	1 126
Zambia	-	-	-	-	-	178	737	2 011	43	1 593	-	-	-	-	15	-	68	4 645
Zimbabwe	-	-	-	-	-	85	1 048	1 074	200	2 164	-	18	221	423	-	-	37	5 270
Others	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	326	-	2	-	-	-	138	-	466
Total all countries	2 483	14	215	406	532	9 282	23 901	62 769	7 161	57 889	132	6 440	6 170	1 027	2 059	309	4 991	185 780
Regional Africa	97	76	124	-	-	5 783	7 580	20 758	4 763	37 421	68	62	2 511	230	117	175	6 433	86 198 a/
Regional Arab States and Europe	61	13	10	-	-	430	89	-	928	4 823	-	173	-	-	134	31	425	7 117
Regional Asia and Pacific	5 617	39	-	35	-	1 206	2 837	6 161	2 438	8 699	61	769	22	263	238	58	317	28 760 b/
Regional Latin America and the Caribbean	83	39	25	-	3 270	796	2 960	6 033	828	4 897	-	1 035	1 412	89	293	57	1 750	23 567
Global	-	-	737	206	-	22 867	-	32 311	2 758	80 730	-	-	-	-	-	2	-	139 611
Interregional	1 955	3 358	-	112	-	5 449	7 490	26 786	7 640	-	52	375	10 152	741	4 353	-	-	68 463
Total Intercountry	7 813	3 525	896	353	3 270	36 531	20 956	92 049	19 355	136 570	181	2 414	14 097	1 323	5 135	323	8 925	353 716
Footnotes a, b and c	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	11 587
GRAND TOTAL	10 296	3 539	1 111	759	3 802	45 813	44 857	154 818	26 516	194 459	313	8 854	20 267	2 350	7 194	632	13 916	551 083 c/

a/ Excluding expenditures of \$1,853,000 by ECA.

b/ Excluding expenditures of \$7,853,000 by ESCAP.

c/ Excluding expenditures of \$1,881,000 by WIPO for which no breakdown was provided.

Table 8. Contributions received by agencies during the year 1990 in support of  
extrabudgetary technical cooperation activities

(other than self-supporting activities and those of UNDP)

(Thousands of United States dollars)

Contributor	UN	UNCTAD	CTC	UNCHS	ECA	ECLAC	ESCAP	UNIDO	ILO	FAO	UNESCO	WHO	ITU	WMO	IMO	ICAO	IAEA	ITC	UPU	WIPO	TOTAL
<b>I. Unilateral and Bilateral Sources</b>																					
<b>A. Country or territory</b>																					
Argentina	-	-	-	-	-	32	-	-	-	-	-	5	-	-	-	-	54	-	-	-	91
Australia	15	-	-	-	-	-	669	-	-	1 522	56	3 198	-	-	-	-	291	-	-	45	5 796
Austria	60	-	-	-	-	-	-	1 305	887	18	66	284	-	-	-	-	100	-	8	36	2 764
Bahrain	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	1
Bangladesh	-	-	-	-	-	-	15	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	-	17
Barbados	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	1
Belgium	2 873	66	-	76	158	-	58	1 803	3 022	10 651	384	2 226	-	1 422	-	-	170	262	192	-	23 363
Bermuda	-	19	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	19
Brazil	-	-	-	-	-	62	-	-	-	-	-	-	60	-	-	-	40	-	-	-	162
Bulgaria	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	35	-	-	3	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	-	-	39
Burkina Faso	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	7	-	-	-	46	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	53
Canada	6	42	-	-	131	882	-	38	169	98	240	10 597	52	-	233	-	45	1 388	-	-	13 921
Chile	-	-	-	-	-	23	-	10	-	31	7	-	-	-	-	-	19	-	-	-	90
China	-	20	20	-	-	-	323	429	-	81	40	150	-	-	-	-	47	71	39	-	1 220
Colombia	-	10	-	-	-	291	-	6	-	-	17	-	-	-	-	-	13	-	-	-	337
Costa Rica	-	-	-	-	-	113	-	-	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	114
Côte d'Ivoire	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	1
Cuba	-	-	-	-	-	110	-	28	-	-	2	4	-	-	-	-	36	-	-	-	180
Cyprus	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	2
Czechoslovakia	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	308	-	-	-	5	-	-	-	-	22	-	-	9	344
Dem. People's Rep. of Korea	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1
Democratic Yemen	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	1
Denmark	862	363	176	165	10	-	-	1 341	8 083	4 831	819	10 344	-	-	116	3	33	1 982	-	-	29 128
Dominica	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2
Ecuador	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	-	-	2
Egypt	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3
Finland	304	132	175	135	4	-	-	427	2 355	4 195	430	5 814	745	5 087	330	52	21	2 192	279	53	22 730
France	774	314	80	23	-	184	293	2 964	660	4 131	1 563	3 510	-	-	115	-	428	384	61	297	15 781
Gabon	-	50	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	5	-	55
German Democratic Republic	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	778	-	-	-	959	-	-	-	-	5	-	-	-	1 742

Table 8 (continued)

Contributor	UN	UNCTAD	CTC	UNCHS	ECA	ECLAC	ESCAP	UNIDO	ILO	FAO	UNESCO	WHO	ITU	WMO	IMO	ICAO	IAEA	ITC	UPU	WIPO	TOTAL
Germany, Federal																					
Republic of	1 353	237	-	207	231	666	457	4 687	2 028	1 185	4 927	5 033	170	-	435	99 1	767	1 115	-	360	24 957
Ghana	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	21	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	21
Greece	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	8	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	8
Guatemala	-	-	-	-	-	81	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	-	-	-	84
Honduras	-	-	-	-	-	113	-	6	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	119
Hungary	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	197	-	-	5	-	-	-	-	-	121	-	-	-	323
Iceland	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	4	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	4
India	-	35	-	-	248	-	166	2 589	-	-	108	-	-	-	-	-	196	67	4	-	3 413
Indonesia	-	-	-	-	-	-	47	-	-	-	-	-	13	-	-	-	-	14	4	-	78
Iran, Islamic Republic of	-	10	-	-	-	-	10	-	-	-	-	10	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	30
Ireland	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	29	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	6	-	36
Israel	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	25	-	-	-	25
Italy	1 504	-	-	65	-	566	-	5 371	654	20 609	2 366	4 940	-	-	-	-	503	1 876	-	-	38 454
Jamaica	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	-	-	-	2
Japan	11 915	-	-	-	-	-	4 640	6 438	3 175	6 469	2 473	9 862	-	-	87	-	258	200	76	422	46 015
Jordan	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	294	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	298
Kenya	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	10	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	10
Kuwait	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	58	100	(16)	-	-	-	-	9	-	10	-	161
Libyan Arab Jamahiriya	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3 229	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	8	-	3 237
Luxembourg	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	11	-	47	2	154	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	214
Madagascar	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1
Malaysia	-	15	12	-	-	-	21	20	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	4	-	-	-	72
Mali	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	-	-	-	2
Malta	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	5	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	5
Mauritius	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2
Mexico	-	-	-	-	-	111	-	-	-	-	24	26	-	-	-	-	25	-	-	-	186
Mongolia	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2
Morocco	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	-	2
Nepal	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3
Netherlands	1 977	40	200	40	315	563	2 191	2 846	12 987	40 617	75	14 951	131	527	15	308	34	2 464	18	16	80 315
New Zealand	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	5	6	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	11
Nigeria	-	15	-	-	-	-	-	(53)	-	-	33	20	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	15
Norway	191	246	381	-	10	2	1 285	1 558	8 444	4 274	2 686	15 260	109	-	1 777	-	-	1 921	-	-	38 144
Oman	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	1
Pakistan	-	-	-	-	-	-	8	7	-	-	48	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	-	66

Table 8 (continued)

Contributor	UN	UNCTAD	CTC	UNCHS	ECA	ECLAÇ	ESCAP	UNIDO	ILO	FAO	UNESCO	WHO	ITU	WMO	IMO	ICAO	IAEA	ITC	UPU	WIPO	TOTAL
Panama	-	-	-	-	-	111	-	-	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	112
Paraguay	-	-	-	-	-	38	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	38
Peru	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	-	-	-	2
Philippines	-	-	-	-	-	-	121	7	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	128
Poland	-	-	7	-	-	-	-	97	-	-	14	-	-	-	-	-	2	13	-	-	133
Portugal	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	17	-	-	-	5	-	-	-	23	-	45
Qatar	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	293	-	-	-	-	-	-	13	-	-	306
Republic of Korea	-	20	-	-	-	-	453	829	-	63	20	-	-	-	-	-	72	56	73	-	1 586
Romania	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	48	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	-	-	49
Rwanda	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	8	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	8
Saudi Arabia	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1 000	-	894	526	255	-	-	-	-	-	-	10	-	2 685
Senegal	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	50	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	-	52
Seychelles	32	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	32
Solomon Islands	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	-	2
Spain	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1 511	127	952	158	-	-	93	-	187	81	11	56	3 176
Sri Lanka	-	-	-	-	-	-	9	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	8	-	-	20
Sudan	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	62	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	63
Swaziland	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2
Sweden	434	641	529	48	484	83	-	1 137	2 937	6 376	1 760	29 942	193	-	3 348	-	351	7 445	-	330	56 038
Switzerland	205	510	414	-	-	-	-	1 408	3 795	4 181	858	9 282	1 047	247	79	-	2	3 260	39	65	25 392
Syrian Arab Republic	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	4
Thailand	-	50	-	-	-	-	65	21	-	-	3	8	-	-	-	-	-	-	7	-	154
Trinidad and Tobago	-	40	-	-	-	-	-	48	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	88
Tunisia	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	1
Turks and Caicos Is.	-	38	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	38
Turkey	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	182	-	313	18	10	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	523
Union of Soviet Socialist Republics	-	-	-	-	-	-	114	1 067	-	-	532	846	-	-	-	-	619	15	-	31	3 224
United Arab Emirates	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	5	-	5
United Kingdom	-	105	-	-	-	-	-	1 408	2	229	405	20 034	-	-	-	-	775	-	91	54	23 103
United States of America	-	-	-	-	27	-	-	-	98	(167)	1 256	27 838	-	225	-	-	2 568	-	-	49	31 894
Uruguay	-	-	-	-	-	107	-	-	-	-	6	-	-	-	-	-	2	-	-	-	115
Venezuela	-	-	-	-	-	111	-	(23)	-	-	229	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	317
Yemen	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	4	-	-	6	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	11
Yugoslavia	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	198	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	4	-	202
Zaire	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	12	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	13
Zambia	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	5	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	5
Zimbabwe	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	10	-	-	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	12
Other	-	-	-	-	-	-	48	-	(17)	876	3	-	-	-	-	-	2	-	-	11	923 a/
Footnote (a)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	138
Sub-total	22 505	3 018	1 995	759	1 618	4 249	10 995	40 636	50 819	114 943	23 420	176 183	2 520	7 508	6 633	462 8	859 24	814 1	007 1	834	504 915



Table 8 (continued)

Contributor	UN	UNCTAD	CTC	UNCHS	ECA	ECLAC	ESCAP	UNIDO	ILO	FAO	UNESCO	WHO	ITU	WMO	IMO	ICAO	IAEA	ITC	UPU	WIPO	TOTAL
<b>B. Non-governmental Organizations</b>																					
Aga Khan Foundation	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	130	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	130
Agence Cult. Coop. Technique	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	40	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	40
American Leprosy Missions	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	90	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	90
Amici Di R. Follereau, Italy	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	170	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	170
Arab Fund for Economic and Social Development	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	329	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	329
Arab Gulf Programme for UN Development Orgs.	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	577	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	577
Armenian Gen. Benevolent Union, USA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	5 078	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	5 078
Associated Mining Industries- Nigeria Ltd. Kano, Nigeria	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	53	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	53
Atisa Atkins S.A./C.V., Mex.	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	18	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	18
Band Aid/Live Aid, UK	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	755	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	755
Bayer AG, Germany	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	30	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	30
Benue Cement Co., Nigeria	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	19	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	19
Borrow Dental Milk Foundation, UK and Northern Ireland	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	84	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	84
Busan Container Terminal Operation, Republic of Korea	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	15	-	-	-	-	-	15
C. Itoh & Co., Tokyo, Japan	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	106	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	106
Carter Ctr. Emory Univ., USA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	90	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	90
Carnegie Corp., New York	-	-	-	-	39	-	-	-	-	-	-	483	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	522
Cement Company of Northern Nigeria, Sokoto, Nigeria	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	288	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	288
Central American Bank for Integration (BCIE)	-	-	-	-	-	353	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	353
Centro de Investigaciones Text. St. Martin, Argentina	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	211	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	211
Chrétien pour l'enfance du Tiers Monde, Switzerland	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	20	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	20
Christoffel Blindenmission, Germany	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	30	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	30
Chiyoda Corp., Tokyo, Japan	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	133	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	133
Comision de Cooperacion para Argentina-Uruguay	-	-	-	-	-	93	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	93
Comité Catholique contre la faim et pour le développement	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	362	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	362

Table 8 (continued)

[illegible]

Table 8 (continued)

Contributor	UN	UNCTAD	CTC	UNCHS	ECA	ECLAC	ESCAP	UNIDO	ILO	FAO	UNESCO	WHO	ITU	WMO	IMO	ICAO	IAEA	ITC	UPU	WIPO	TOTAL
Italy/FAO Programme on training in planning & agrarian policies (PROCAPLAN)	-	-	-	-	-	17	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	17
J. Hajipateras	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	15	-	-	-	-	-	15
Japan Int'l Development Org.	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	211	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	211
Japan Phar. Mfacturers Assn.	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	138	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	138
Korean Maritime Fellowship	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	30	-	-	-	-	-	30
Korean Register of Shipping	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	15	-	-	-	-	-	15
La Comp. Financiere et Industrielle Douala, Cameroon	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	47	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	47
Laminaciones Peruanas, Peru	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	46	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	46
Latin American Assn. for Integration, Argentina	-	-	-	-	-	29	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	29
Lepra, UK & N. Ireland	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	47	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	47
Leprosy Trust Board, New Zealand	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	30	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	30
Liberian Shipowners Council	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	15	-	-	-	-	-	15
L'Oreal, France	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	54	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	54
Marubeni Corp., Tokyo Japan	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	6	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	6
Medichem, UK & N. Ireland	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	26	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	26
Merck Sharp & Dohne Research	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2 075	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2 075
Mitsubishi Corp., Tokyo, Japan	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	312	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	312
Psychiatric Res. USA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	100	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	100
Nestec Ltd., Switzerland	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	35	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	35
Norwegian Save the Children	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	82	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	82
Novo Nordisk, Austria	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	46	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	46
Otto Benecke Stiftung	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	104	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	104
Partnership for Africa	-	-	-	-	48	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	48
Patt Mansfield Endowment, Hong Kong	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	30	-	-	-	-	-	30
Petrobran	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	30	-	-	-	-	-	30
Price Waterhouse, Yugoslavia	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	41	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	41
Private Committees for Venice Restoration	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	78	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	78
R.T. Int'l Holding, Belgium	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	270	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	270
Reliance Ind. Bombay, India	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(24)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(24)
Research Area, Trieste	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	4 572	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	4 572
Rockefeller Foundation, USA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	99	-	-	-	1 638	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1 737
Rotary Foundation, USA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	900	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	900
Royal Commonwealth Soc. for Blind, UK & N. Ireland	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	60	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	60
Sasakawa Fellowship Fund	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	261	-	-	-	-	-	261
Sasakawa Health Trust Fund	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	4 000	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	4 000

Table 8 (continued)

Contributor	UN	UNCTAD	CTC	UNCHS	ECA	ECLAC	ESCAP	UNIDO	ILO	FAO	UNESCO	WHO	ITU	WMO	IMO	ICAO	IAEA	ITC	UPU	WIPO	TOTAL
Sezione Speciale per l'Assicurazione del Credito, Italy	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	31	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	31
Smith Kline Biologicals, Belgium	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	45	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	45
Spain Freedom From Hunger Campaign Catholic Comm.	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	79	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	79
Special Prog. for Research & Trng. in Tropical Diseases	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	249	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	249
Swedish Save the Children	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	45	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	45
Swiss Red Cross	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	262	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	262
Swiss Society for Author's Rights in Musical Works, Switzerland	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	34	34
Task Force "Sight & Life" SWI	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	72	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	72
USA for Africa	-	-	-	-	15	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	15
Vivavent, Liechtenstein	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	43	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	43
W.K. Kellogg Foundation, USA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	74	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	74
World Aids Foundation	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	593	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	593
World Council of Churches	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	30	-	-	61	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	91
World Inst. for Dev. Economics	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	25
Research of UN University	-	-	-	-	-	25	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	39
World Sugar Research Org., UK	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	39	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	39
Miscellaneous	-	9	-	-	2	11	1	59	-	(8)	-	670	-	-	30	-	-	-	-	14	788
Subtotal	-	21	-	-	235	619	31 12 831	186	2 734	1 983	13 759	-	-	561	-	-	-	-	-	48	33 008

## II. Multilateral sources

### A. United Nations system

ECA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	17	-	17
FAO	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	-	-	-	229	429	-	-	-	-	4	-	-	-	665
GATT	-	-	-	-	-	-	29	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	29
IFAD	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1 077	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1 077
ILO	-	-	-	-	15	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	15
IMO	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1 158	-	-	-	-	-	1 158
ITC	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	34	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	34
Reg. Programme of Technical Assistance	-	-	-	-	-	1 125	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1 125
UNCDF	1 450	-	-	1 893	-	-	-	60	3 928	1 591	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	8 922 b/
UNFDAC	617	-	-	-	-	-	-	2 704	300	-	-	307	-	-	-	-	-	-	33	-	3 961

Table 8 (continued)

Contributor	UN	UNCTAD	CTC	UNCHS	ECA	ECLAC	ESCAP	UNIDO	ILO	FAO	UNESCO	WHO	ITU	WMO	IMO	ICAO	IAEA	ITC	UPU	WIPO	TOTAL
UNDRO	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1 293	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1 293
UNEO	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	306	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	306
UNEP	-	-	-	8	-	77	-	-	6	676	-	1 068	-	-	406	-	-	-	-	-	2 241 c/
UNESCO	-	-	-	-	10	-	-	-	-	31	-	95	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	136
UNFPA	25 935	-	-	-	4 690	2 401	2 122	-	11 381	5 091	11 497	24 657	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	87 774 d/
UNHCR	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(35)	-	-	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(33)
UNIC	-	-	-	-	8	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	8
UNICEF	-	-	-	-	20	-	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	22
UNIFEM	-	-	-	-	20	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	20
UN Afghanistan Emergency Fund	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2 940	-	1 420	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	4 360
UN Fund for Namibia	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1
United Nations	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	10	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	10
WFP	-	-	-	-	20	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	8 836 e/
WHO	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	50	-	-	-	-	-	7	-	-	-	57
World Bank	1 603	-	-	-	-	-	-	873	-	-	2 011	34 806	512	-	30	450	2	-	-	-	40 287
Footnotes (b), (c) and (d)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	105 850
Sub-total	32 960	-	-	1 901	4 783	3 603	2 156	3 681	15 580	11 712	13 787	64 077	512	-	1 594	450	13	-	50	-	271 525
<b>B. Non-United Nations system</b>																					
African Development Bank (ADB)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	94	2 226	-	1 382	-	-	148	-	-	-	-	3 850
Arab Gulf Fund for United Nations Development Orgs.	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	521	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	521
Asian Development Bank (AsDB)	-	-	-	-	-	-	100	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	-	-	101
Benelux Trademark Office	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	18	18
Inter-American Development Bank (IADB)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	50	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	50
Commission of the European Communities (CEC)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	33	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	41	-	89	-	-	163
Commonwealth Secretariat	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	190	-	-	-	-	-	190
Conference of Arab Ministers of Agriculture in the Gulf	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	43	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	43
Council of Ministers of Health of Arab Countries	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	275	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	275
European Economic Comm. (EEC)	-	153	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	118	-	-	-	-	165	-	45	-	-	-	481

Table 8 (continued)

Contributor	UN	UNCTAD	CTC	UNCHS	ECA	ECLAC	ESCAP	UNIDO	ILO	FAO	UNESCO	WHO	ITU	WMO	IMO	ICAO	IAEA	ITC	UPU	WIPO	TOTAL	
European Patent Office	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	449	449	
FAO Money & Medals Programme	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	488	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	488	
Fertilizer Industry Advisory Committee	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	488	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	488	
Gulf Co-operation Council, Riyadh, Saudi Arabia	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	
Indonesian Farmers Assn.	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	385	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	385	
Int'l Fertilizers Scheme	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	165	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	165	
Int'l Jute Organization	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	146	-	-	146	
Int'l Maritime Satellite Org., London	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	40	-	-	-	-	40	
Int'l Tropical Timber Organization	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	115	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	399	-	-	514	
Islamic Development Bank	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	41	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	41	
Mediterranean Zoonoses Control	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	170	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	170	
Multi-donors Trust Fund	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	547	-	19 777	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	20 324	
NCB Cement Technology Programme, India	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	63	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	63	
Oldpesca, Latin American Org. for Fisheries Dev.	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	299	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	299	
ONODA Cement Technology Programme, Tokyo, Japan	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(8)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(8)	
OPEC Fund	-	30	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	115	150	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	298	
World Phosphate Rock Inst.	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	18	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	18	
Rockefeller Foundation	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	91	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	91	
Miscellaneous	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	17 350	-	18	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	8	17 376	
Sub-total	-	183	-	-	-	-	100	678	-	39 955	2 391	741 1 382	-	355	229	46	634	-	475	47 169		
TOTAL	55 465 3 222 1 995 2 660 6 636 8 471 13 282 57 826 66 585 169 344 41 581 254 760 4 414 7 508 9 143 1 141 8 918 25 448 1 057 2 357																					856 617

a/ Excluding contributions of \$138,000 by ECE.

b/ Excluding contributions of \$10,591,384 to Governments; \$10,104,227 to UNDP; \$1,334,217 to UNICEF; \$19,869 to IDA; and \$2,477,077 to UNCDF.

c/ Excluding contributions of \$68,900 by the Economic Commission for Europe (ECE).

d/ Excluding contributions of \$1,096,854 to UNDP; \$107,409 to UNEP; \$368,072 to ECE; \$25,601,139 to UNFPA; \$19,486,089 to NGOs; \$33,301,675 to Governments; \$578,311 to UNICEF; and \$15,544 to ESCWA.

e/ Includes contributions of \$8,816,379 from WFP to agencies within the United Nations system.

Table 9. Contributions received by agencies in 1990 to finance  
"self-supporting" technical co-operation activities

(Thousands of United States dollars)

Country or area	UN	UNCHS	ECLAC	ECE	ITC	UNIDO	ILO	FAO	WHO	ITU	IMO	ICAO	IAEA	WMO	TOTAL
Albania	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	75	-	-	-	-	-	75
Algeria	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	45	-	-	-	45
Austria	-	-	-	23	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	23
Angola	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	282	-	-	-	-	282
Argentina	-	-	516	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	26	-	-	542
Bahamas	-	-	-	-	-	-	(4)	-	-	-	-	(19)	-	-	(23)
Bangladesh	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	15	-	-	-	-	-	15
Belgium	-	-	-	61	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	61
Benin	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	171	2	-	-	-	-	-	173
Bolivia	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	31	-	-	-	1	-	-	32
Brazil	-	-	236	-	18	226	-	1 471	-	-	-	-	-	-	1 951
Burundi	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	27	-	297	-	-	-	-	324
Cameroon	-	-	-	-	-	-	(3)	1	4	-	-	-	-	-	2
Canada	-	-	-	8	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	8
Cape Verde	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	20	-	-	20
Chad	-	-	-	-	-	-	74	(2)	-	-	-	-	-	-	72
Chile	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	30	-	-	-	30
China	-	-	-	-	-	140	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	140
Colombia	-	-	22	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	10	-	-	32
Comoros	-	-	-	-	-	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2
Congo	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(53)	-	-	-	-	-	-	(53)
Costa Rica	-	-	-	-	-	-	78	-	-	6	-	-	-	-	84
Côte d'Ivoire	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	128	-	-	-	-	128
Cyprus	-	-	-	-	-	-	96	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	96
Dem. People's Rep. of Korea	-	-	-	-	-	152	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	152
Democratic Yemen	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1 005	-	-	-	-	-	-	1 005
Denmark	-	-	-	18	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	18
Ecuador	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	15	-	-	-	15
Egypt	-	-	-	-	28	31	869	1	1 466	-	-	-	-	-	2 395
Equatorial Guinea	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	167	-	-	-	-	-	-	167
Ethiopia	-	-	-	-	-	-	52	577	16	-	23	-	-	-	668
Finland	-	-	-	17	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	17
France	-	-	-	308	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	308
Gabon	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	353	-	-	-	-	-	-	353
Greece	-	-	-	26	-	-	-	-	26	-	-	-	-	-	52

Table 9 (continued)

Country or area	UN	UNCHS	ECLAC	ECE	ITC	UNIDO	ILO	FAO	WHO	ITU	IMO	ICAO	IAEA	WMO	TOTAL
Gambia	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	2
Germany, Federal Republic of	-	-	-	206	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	206
Ghana	-	-	-	-	-	-	184	135	20	-	-	-	28	-	367
Guinea-Bissau	-	-	-	-	-	-	231	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	231
Honduras	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1
Hungary	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	80	-	-	16	-	96
India	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	721	950	-	-	-	-	-	1 671
Indonesia	-	-	-	-	-	-	4	258	-	-	-	-	-	-	4 258
Iran, Islamic Republic of	-	-	-	-	-	373	-	-	-	-	30	-	-	-	403
Iraq	70	-	-	-	-	377	-	2	(1)	-	-	-	-	-	448
Ireland	-	-	-	7	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	7
Jamaica	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	51	-	-	-	-	-	-	51
Jordan	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(9)	-	-	-	-	-	(9)
Japan	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	0 a/
Kuwait	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(1)	-	-	-	-	-	(1)
Liberia	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	15	-	-	-	15
Libyan Arab Jamahiriya	(1)	420	-	-	-	11 782	-	589	19	-	-	651	35	-	13 495 b/
Luxembourg	-	-	-	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3
Madagascar	-	-	-	-	-	69	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	69
Malawi	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	2
Malaysia	25	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	15	-	-	-	40
Malta	-	-	-	-	44	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	44
Mauritania	-	-	-	-	-	-	147	(42)	-	-	-	-	-	-	105
Mexico	-	-	-	-	-	-	265	101	-	-	-	-	-	-	366
Morocco	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	14	-	-	45	59
Myanmar	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	314	-	-	-	-	-	314
Mozambique	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	38	-	-	-	3	-	-	41
Nepal	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	333	56	-	-	-	-	-	389
Netherlands	-	-	-	43	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	43
Netherlands Antilles	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	60	-	-	-	-	60
Norway	-	-	-	23	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	23
Nigeria	-	-	-	-	-	-	736	(7)	37	-	-	-	-	-	766
Pakistan	-	-	-	-	-	-	851	26	32	-	-	-	-	-	909
Papua New Guinea	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	11	-	-	-	-	-	11
Philippines	-	-	-	-	-	-	314	-	100	-	-	-	-	-	414



Table 9 (continued)

Country or area	UN	UNCHS	ECLAC	ECE	ITC	UNIDO	ILO	FAO	WHO	ITU	IMO	ICAO	IAEA	WMO	TOTAL
Poland	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	13	-	14
Portugal	-	-	-	4	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	4
Qatar	-	-	-	-	-	(203)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(203)
Republic of Korea	-	-	-	-	-	-	120	-	42	-	30	-	-	-	192
Rwanda	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	6	-	-	6
Samoa	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	1
Saudi Arabia	-	-	-	-	62	1	-	7 011	(1)	-	75	6 764	-	859	14 771
Senegal	-	-	-	-	-	-	111	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	111
Sierra Leone	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	57	-	-	364	-	-	421
Somalia	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	34	-	-	28	-	-	-	62
Spain	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	-	-	41	-	-	-	43
Sri Lanka	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	(1)	-	-	-	-	-	2
Sudan	-	-	-	-	-	-	(81)	17	142	-	-	-	-	-	78
Sweden	-	-	-	-	43	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	43
Switzerland	-	-	-	58	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	58
Syrian Arab Republic	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	39	-	-	-	39	-	78
Thailand	-	-	-	-	-	-	57	-	-	-	-	-	2	-	59
Trinidad and Tobago	-	-	-	-	-	-	(35)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(35)
Tunisia	-	-	-	-	-	-	11	63	40	-	-	-	-	-	114
Turkey	-	-	-	8	-	-	504	1 674	-	-	-	-	-	-	2 186
Uganda	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	14	-	-	-	-	-	-	14
Union of Soviet Socialist Republic	-	-	-	-	-	680	-	-	23	-	52	-	-	-	755
United Arab Emirates	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	228	-	-	23	-	336	-	589
United Kingdom	-	-	-	113	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	113
United Republic of Tanzania	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2 455	-	-	-	-	-	-	2 455
United States of America	-	-	-	10	-	510	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	520
Venezuela	-	-	9	-	-	-	(10)	-	-	-	66	-	-	993	1 058
Viet Nam	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	4 336	-	-	4 336
Yemen	-	-	-	-	-	4	181	129	766	-	-	-	-	-	1 080
Yugoslavia	-	-	-	15	-	-	-	-	9	-	-	-	19	-	43
Zaire	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	249	-	-	-	-	-	-	249
Zambia	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	113	-	-	-	-	-	113
Others	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	104	-	-	-	18	5	-	128
Total all countries	96	420	784	951	195	14 145	4 749	21 941	4 362	853	502	12 180	493	1 897	63 568
Other Agencies (footnotes a, b and c)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	5 648 c/
TOTAL	96	420	784	951	195	14 145	4 749	21 941	4 362	853	502	12 180	493	1 897	69 216

(Footnotes on following page)

(Footnotes to table 9)

- 
- a/ Excluding contributions by UNESCO of \$10,000.
  - b/ Excluding contributions by UNESCO of \$4,972,000.
  - c/ Includes contributions of \$666,000 by ECA for which no breakdown was given.

Table 10. United Nations system 1990 expenditure on operational activities for development, by recipient country or area

(Thousands of United States dollars)

Country or area	Agency regular budgets a/	Agency extra- budgetary b/	UNDP central funds c/	UNDP- adminis- tered funds d/	UNFPA	UNICEF	WFP	Total grant assistance	IDA technical co-operation (gross)	World Bank technical co-operation	Self- supporting expenditures
Afghanistan	1 259	5 215	7 098	6 131	261	14	12 989	32 967	-	-	3 818
Albania	186	51	1 498	-	286	-	-	2 021	-	-	-
Algeria	1 519	269	3 978	1	512	445	-	6 724	-	4 022	57
Angola	1 249	2 203	8 370	154	674	7 274	-	19 924	-	-	274
Antigua and Barbuda	203	37	293	4	28	-	-	565	-	-	-
Anguilla	-	-	222	13	64	-	-	299	-	-	-
Argentina	723	554	14 891	137	72	552	-	16 929	-	34 567	606
Aruba	5	19	49	-	-	-	-	73	-	-	-
Australia	115	-	-	-	-	-	-	115	-	-	-
Austria	87	-	-	-	-	-	-	87	-	-	-
Bahamas	247	329	340	11	-	-	-	927	-	207	-
Bahrain	106	59	141	-	(4)	51	-	353	-	-	5
Bangladesh	3 669	2 279	27 595	1 840	4 506	33 778	51 193	124 860	17 199	-	11
Barbados	142	262	294	-	9	-	-	707	-	1 172	-
Belize	220	123	380	1	5	96	-	825	-	1 635	-
Benin	928	988	5 736	994	1 124	2 220	4 130	16 120	8 387	228	105
Bhutan	730	930	10 110	834	477	3 031	2 543	18 655	102	-	-
Bolivia	1 421	1 872	7 991	1 597	1 202	4 136	6 555	24 774	4 496	-	7
Botswana	663	1 457	3 885	524	511	818	1 021	8 879	-	1 256	139
Brazil	1 992	1 917	16 671	111	1 699	6 574	12 567	41 531	-	33 539	2 483
British Virgin Islands	47	-	30	5	17	-	-	99	-	-	-
Brunei Darussalam	32	-	5	-	-	-	-	37	-	-	-
Bulgaria	856	1 753	1 003	-	184	-	-	3 796	-	-	-
Burkina Faso	1 254	4 487	11 164	3 258	1 104	5 375	7 257	33 899	2 702	35	-
Burundi	947	1 547	8 743	828	1 207	3 253	2 952	19 477	6 575	-	41
Cambodia	5	114	-	-	-	5 311	4 780	10 210	-	-	-
Cameroon	1 076	1 278	5 633	201	955	1 140	1 614	11 897	-	12 088	24
Caribbean	1 348	860	-	-	-	-	-	2 208	740	-	-
Cape Verde	906	2 558	1 605	2 285	851	943	9 558	18 706	328	56	30
Central African Republic	1 408	1 464	6 558	556	490	2 939	3 749	17 164	8 980	342	-

Table 10 (continued)

Country or area	Agency regular budgets a/	Agency extra-budgetary b/	UNDP central funds c/	UNDP-administered funds d/	UNFPA	UNICEF	WFP	Total grant assistance	IDA technical co-operation (gross)	World Bank technical co-operation	Self-supporting expenditures
Chad	1 268	2 992	13 145	807	486	4 295	10 481	33 474	13 546	-	193
Chile	1 392	352	8 992	4	62	450	-	11 252	-	8 886	30
China	6 589	7 227	48 034	462	4 579	14 639	8 652	90 182	28 100	17 204	28
Colombia	1 364	962	10 105	17	441	2 850	1 953	17 692	-	16 904	13
Comoros	760	450	2 171	895	786	499	1 213	6 774	246	39	22
Congo	680	914	1 542	21	758	1 091	987	5 993	-	1 678	9
Cook Islands	346	41	348	81	18	-	-	834	-	-	-
Costa Rica	795	2 563	2 400	172	375	239	2 437	8 981	-	617	(8)
Côte d'Ivoire	1 438	1 186	6 829	25	335	1 616	6 560	17 989	-	5 504	119
Cuba	1 322	189	1 335	-	222	164	13 191	16 423	-	-	-
Cyprus	780	321	557	15	36	-	-	1 709	-	532	34
Czechoslovakia	119	71	51	-	-	-	-	241	-	-	-
Democratic Kampuchea	275	190	388	-	-	-	-	853	-	-	-
Democratic People's Republic of Korea	1 968	496	3 752	44	757	463	-	7 480	-	-	-
Democratic Yemen	269	324	4 374	560	873	2 153	-	8 553	-	685	-
Djibouti	610	106	1 575	654	85	1 014	1 971	6 015	-	191	-
Dominica	355	74	499	31	14	-	(17)	956	-	728	-
Dominican Republic	672	317	3 208	(6)	249	1 038	201	5 679	-	4 751	-
Ecuador	1 488	1 571	6 235	6	833	1 573	7 543	19 249	-	5 468	21
Egypt	1 723	2 229	9 709	33	1 697	3 973	10 141	29 505	1 386	4 519	1 548
El Salvador	780	274	2 491	18	484	2 006	8 105	14 158	-	61	105
Equatorial Guinea	590	393	2 981	972	592	784	2 632	8 944	1 236	-	134
Ethiopia	2 548	5 802	14 829	3 327	2 433	22 392	88 465	139 796	10 375	47	605
Fiji	1 162	734	1 242	197	177	-	-	3 512	-	1 263	143
French Guiana	22	-	-	-	-	-	-	22	-	-	-
French Polynesia	8	-	-	-	-	-	-	8	-	-	-
Gabon	634	681	1 013	29	297	-	-	2 654	-	2 752	438
Gambia	919	1 836	3 603	558	506	563	2 769	10 754	2 443	(182)	22
Ghana	1 473	2 751	8 051	197	1 330	1 997	10 360	26 159	26 303	51	135
Greece	241	144	-	-	-	-	-	385	-	-	41
Grenada	129	38	134	21	31	-	(13)	340	151	-	-
Guam	6	-	-	-	-	-	-	6	-	-	-
Guatemala	530	753	2 465	917	318	2 723	18 049	25 755	-	1 289	-

Table 10 (continued)

Country or area	Agency regular budgets a/	Agency extra- budgetary b/	UNDP central funds c/	UNDP- adminis- tered funds d/	UNFPA	UNICEF	WFP	Total grant assistance	IDA technical co-operation (gross)	World Bank technical co-operation	Self- supporting expenditures
Guinea	1 138	1 153	10 497	1 979	544	2 799	8 614	26 724	22 272	55	93
Guinea-Bissau	890	1 971	4 200	980	423	1 647	3 692	13 803	8 261	91	290
Guyana	515	451	3 635	97	120	439	1 298	6 555	167	-	-
Haiti	524	1 091	10 931	1 001	875	2 158	1 717	18 297	4 232	-	-
Honduras	386	720	3 781	467	893	1 455	6 201	13 903	-	27	-
Hungary	170	317	353	-	260	-	-	1 100	-	5 234	45
Iceland	25	-	-	-	-	-	-	25	-	-	-
India	2 172	5 658	22 870	132	16 558	79 148	44 092	170 630	20 637	33 856	1 837
Indonesia	4 306	3 790	16 673	302	2 148	9 984	7 956	45 159	-	243 522	2 471
Iran, Islamic Republic of	2 264	321	5 263	-	73	2 461	11 477	21 859	-	-	35
Iraq	680	44	2 001	18	132	1 453	-	4 328	-	-	231
Israel	-	-	-	-	-	-	211	211	-	-	-
Jamaica	739	301	2 391	115	185	688	6 371	10 790	-	5 998	78
Japan	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	16
Jordan	818	1 655	3 059	28	895	2 467	9 806	18 728	-	3 294	87
Kenya	1 165	4 545	12 338	244	155	5 213	3 516	27 176	10 913	1 547	-
Kiribati	284	15	680	287	20	-	-	1 286	-	-	-
Kuwait	28	9	1 086	-	-	-	-	1 123	-	-	73
Lao People's Democratic Republic	1 525	1 540	10 894	1 305	135	1 933	(5)	17 327	1 774	-	-
Lebanon	511	342	430	-	-	3 398	4 842	9 523	-	-	-
Lesotho	1 190	2 572	3 641	715	252	1 553	8 378	18 301	2 039	215	(1)
Liberia	749	376	2 683	20	448	528	22 930	27 734	-	-	124
Libyan Arab Jamahiriya	678	2 276	737	-	-	-	-	3 691	-	-	8 872
Madagascar	1 518	1 285	14 912	184	801	4 008	779	23 487	9 818	-	39
Malawi	1 336	3 160	13 832	2 297	1 255	3 351	43 337	68 568	12 874	441	(6)
Malaysia	1 461	305	1 833	2	415	443	-	4 459	-	10 092	18
Maldives	663	315	1 631	410	192	559	-	3 770	588	-	-
Mali	1 586	2 656	9 589	4 474	775	6 143	8 459	33 682	9 527	44	20
Malta	213	65	236	-	-	-	-	514	-	-	-
Marshall Islands	54	-	-	-	129	-	-	183	-	-	16
Mauritania	1 353	965	3 532	1 893	980	2 286	6 060	17 069	5 544	-	111
Mauritius	459	363	1 021	-	456	359	2 484	5 142	-	312	-
Mexico	1 694	1 526	3 416	150	2 488	3 682	10 172	23 128	-	26 307	1 502
Micronesia	103	109	(1)	-	147	-	-	358	-	-	-
Mongolia	1 185	90	4 860	32	602	51	-	6 820	-	-	-

Table 10 (continued)

Country or area	Agency regular budgets a/	Agency extra- budgetary b/	UNDP central funds c/	UNDP- adminis- tered funds d/	UNFPA	UNICEF	WFP	Total grant assistance	IDA technical co-operation (gross)	World Bank technical co-operation	Self- supporting expenditures
Montserrat	-	-	365	27	16	-	-	408	-	-	-
Morocco	1 521	823	6 913	30	1 850	2 589	25 756	39 482	-	40 897	34
Mozambique	1 327	4 930	16 169	3 888	959	15 599	33 879	76 751	6 301	110	118
Myanmar	1 725	2 370	13 292	12	383	7 869	10	25 661	2 793	-	353
Namibia	793	1 618	2 482	1 914	79	3 487	2 018	12 391	-	-	-
National Liberation Mvmts.	219	34	1 818	-	-	-	-	2 071	-	-	-
Nepal	2 035	3 131	20 721	2 111	2 257	7 918	6 570	44 743	14 049	-	69
Netherlands Antilles	89	41	346	-	18	-	-	494	-	-	107
Nicaragua	839	2 818	2 765	1 754	476	3 578	7 587	19 817	-	-	-
Niger	1 321	8 433	10 441	1 576	1 291	2 443	8 773	34 278	12 595	-	444
Nigeria	2 511	2 609	11 657	3	2 253	25 491	-	44 524	541	23 785	549
Niue	-	-	216	20	-	-	-	236	-	-	-
Norway	44	25	-	-	-	-	-	69	-	-	-
Oman	582	154	5 028	62	144	451	-	6 421	-	370	-
Pac-Azania	-	-	296	-	-	-	-	296	-	-	-
Palestine	184	98	-	1 622	-	1 825	-	3 729	-	-	-
Pakistan	1 868	1 750	23 446	129	2 470	13 385	62 746	105 794	14 659	8 798	878
Panama	588	229	1 087	-	321	-	590	2 815	-	-	-
Papua New Guinea	1 362	637	4 779	132	199	1 036	-	8 145	-	9 147	112
Paraguay	435	314	1 163	113	893	691	2 110	5 719	-	1 200	-
Peru	1 176	3 077	3 623	104	1 252	4 479	10 656	24 367	-	161	38
Philippines	1 877	3 423	8 066	698	4 416	7 366	2 736	28 582	-	10 268	223
Poland	1 630	799	1 032	-	33	-	23 814	27 308	-	100	36
Portugal	205	81	228	-	147	-	-	661	-	1 593	-
Qatar	69	-	582	-	14	-	-	665	-	-	151
Reunion	15	-	-	-	-	-	-	15	-	-	-
Republic of Korea	1 245	320	2 631	58	513	445	-	5 212	-	980	59
Romania	624	434	1 643	-	323	210	-	3 234	-	-	9
Rwanda	936	3 230	11 007	1 294	718	2 814	1 948	21 947	6 914	68	14
Saint Kitts and Nevis	186	13	289	33	5	-	-	526	-	-	-
Saint Lucia	148	93	281	16	24	-	(13)	549	-	-	-
Saint Vincent and the Grenadines	61	66	362	62	44	-	57	652	260	-	-
Samoa	1 064	135	1 628	222	168	-	1 035	4 252	273	-	-
Sao Tome and Principe	641	561	1 288	261	506	316	3 237	6 810	2 316	197	-
Saudi Arabia	503	674	4 911	1	-	24	-	6 113	-	-	24 695

Table 10 (continued)

Country or area	Agency regular budgets a/	Agency extra- budgetary b/	UNDP central funds c/	UNDP- adminis- tered funds d/	UNFPA	UNICEF	WFP	Total grant assistance	IDA technical co-operation (gross)	World Bank technical co-operation	Self- supporting expenditures
Senegal	1 385	6 405	7 962	3 612	1 689	5 072	11 673	37 798	7 281	50	60
Seychelles	553	376	296	3	39	-	471	1 738	-	18	-
Sierra Leone	692	1 204	4 833	1 696	229	2 698	1 281	12 633	12	-	340
Singapore	683	21	449	-	-	-	-	1 153	-	-	-
Solomon Islands	801	90	711	41	98	-	-	1 741	182	-	-
Somalia	1 279	2 082	8 293	516	814	3 644	21 523	38 151	8 675	3	68
South Africa	-	2 874	-	-	-	-	-	2 874	-	-	-
Swapo-Namibia	-	-	90	-	-	-	-	90	-	-	-
Sri Lanka	1 748	1 351	7 678	1	1 000	4 542	3 699	20 019	9 723	613	135
Sudan	2 833	8 164	11 254	2 271	2 344	21 606	37 637	86 109	19 563	12	998
Suriname	198	534	645	(4)	57	-	-	1 430	-	-	-
Swaziland	578	356	1 534	220	212	938	3 608	7 446	-	117	9
Syrian Arab Republic	1 366	538	3 621	35	477	660	22 649	29 346	-	-	39
Territory of Hong Kong	106	-	65	70	-	-	-	241	-	-	-
Thailand	2 627	3 330	6 800	10	1 332	3 396	27 615	45 110	-	7 867	513
Togo	1 131	1 748	6 889	1 128	894	1 168	1 762	14 720	8 630	81	-
Tokelau	-	2	359	11	-	-	-	372	-	-	-
Tonga	646	38	420	24	165	-	-	1 293	-	-	-
Trinidad and Tobago	513	410	955	12	19	-	-	1 909	-	928	-
Trust Terr. of Pacific Is.	-	206	896	39	90	-	-	1 231	-	-	-
Tunisia	1 389	150	2 711	-	965	418	13 562	19 195	-	3 095	241
Turkey	904	834	3 794	-	566	1 279	2 726	10 103	-	20 611	4 704
Turks and the Caicos Is.	10	38	21	3	3	-	-	75	-	-	-
Tuvalu	24	-	218	264	15	-	-	521	-	-	-
Uganda	1 300	4 313	14 411	1 736	3 033	11 769	16 535	53 097	21 638	235	639
Union of Soviet Socialist Republics	376	-	-	-	-	-	-	376	-	-	70
United Arab Emirates	87	35	1 757	7	97	-	-	1 983	-	-	381
United Republic of Tanzania	2 323	7 798	16 090	812	2 539	15 034	7 785	52 381	18 482	172	2 324
Uruguay	613	480	2 722	9	89	152	-	4 065	-	897	174
Vanuatu	495	250	766	52	221	-	-	1 784	23	-	-
Venezuela	1 109	352	3 042	13	133	-	-	4 649	-	1 495	811
Viet Nam	4 244	1 258	33 960	91	4 578	10 176	12 218	66 525	-	-	7 081
Yemen	2 425	3 201	11 882	389	1 307	2 158	20 957	42 319	4 675	-	1 279
Yugoslavia	1 085	543	1 288	-	120	-	-	3 036	-	2 620	28

Table 10 (continued)

Country or area	Agency regular budgets a/	Agency extra- budgetary b/	UNDP central funds c/	UNDP- adminis- tered funds d/	UNFPA	UNICEF	WFP	Total grant assistance	IDA technical co-operation (gross)	World Bank technical co-operation	Self- supporting expenditures
Zaire	1 479	1 126	12 166	27	1 231	6 955	3 231	26 215	14 108	947	153
Zambia	1 460	4 730	6 843	442	2 426	2 826	2 606	21 333	2 905	-	596
Zimbabwe	1 249	5 340	5 497	565	787	2 427	3 380	19 245	-	4 345	-
Other	1 816	708	5 773	190	4	1 326	12 458	22 275	-	2	1 803
Total all countries	156 330	212 397	826 591	77 101	116 709	482 938	949 860	2 821 926	420 143	633 347	77 518
Regional Africa	17 550	91 157	73 891	4 658	10 219	6 055	-	203 530	-	-	669
Regional Arab States and Europe	8 680	8 828	13 716	145	3 910	80	-	35 359	-	-	1 385
Regional Asia and Pacific	11 837	39 700	45 644	1 721	8 209	8 969	-	116 080	-	-	47
Regional Latin America and the Caribbean	11 514	25 039	21 012	2 020	5 034	11 761	-	76 380	-	-	35
Global	5 281	139 909	17 230	1 751	-	-	6 535	170 706	-	-	-
Interregional	17 533	85 926	37 599	10 564	24 947	-	-	176 569	-	-	1 179
Total Intercountry	72 395	390 559	209 092	20 859	52 319	26 865	6 535	778 624	-	-	3 315
Other Agencies	5 205	2 357	-	-	-	-	-	7 562	-	-	-
GRAND TOTAL	233 930	605 313	1 035 683	97 960	169 028	509 803	956 395	3 608 112	420 143	633 347	80 833

a/ Comprising data contained in table 4 of annex 2. Footnotes c through g are included in this table under the appropriate regional commissions. Data from WIPO, for which no breakdown was provided, have been included under "other agencies".

b/ Comprising data contained in tables 5 to 7 of annex 2, less the amounts shown for UNFPA- and UNDP-administered funds in the present table. Expenditure data for WIPO for which no breakdown by country was available have been included under "other agencies".

c/ Including expenditures against IPF, SPR, SMF/LDC, SIS, cost-sharing and trust funds established by the Administrator, where applicable.

d/ The table showing breakdown by agency may be obtained from the Documentation and Statistics Office of BPPE, UNDP, on request.